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1871 - 1941

70th Anniversary

Mountain Grown

(Northern Sierra—Elevation 2600 Feet)

TREES - SHRUBS
VINES



THE FELIX GILLET NURSERY

NEVADA CITY, CALIFORNIA

1871-70th ANNIVERSARY-1941

TO ALL OUR FRIENDS:

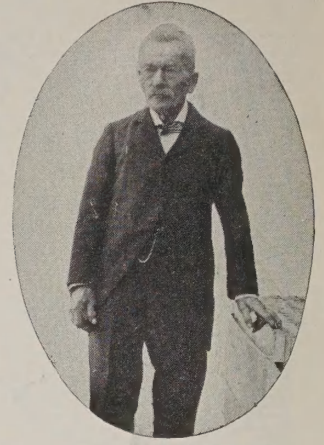
And they are many over the years that have gone. Some of the trees first sold by this nursery are dying of old age, others are in their prime and we have hundreds of new sorts ready for your orchard or garden, thus we go on supplying each generation with the best in the plant line. Plant a tree for your sake, and posterity. In nothing else that you can buy, will you get so much, for so little spent. We have designed this catalog to be helpful in such purchases.

Gratefully yours,

C. E. Parsons



C. E. PARSONS,
Proprietor



FELIX GILLET,
Founder

Please Observe the Following When Ordering

OUR NURSERY, 2600 feet above sea level, in the Sierra Nevada of NORTHERN CALIFORNIA, produces hardy plants that ripen up, as they should, in the fall and are in perfect condition for planting long before those produced at lower elevations and latitudes. Our latitude is the same as Southern Ohio. WE CAN SHIP ANYWHERE. No mealy bug, white fly or other pests are found here.

SHIPPING SEASON—Trees and plants with bare roots, such as fruit trees, shade trees, deciduous shrubs, etc., Nov. 15th to May 1st. Such stock should be planted as early as possible. Balled plants and those in pots, cans or boxed; any time of the year. **FILBERTS**—Nov. 15th to March 1st, some years as late as March 15th.

ORDER EARLY—Place your orders as far in advance as possible. We can give you better selection and service by having the order in hand before the rush season is on. It is better to have your stock shipped before you are actually ready to plant, if possible, heeling it in on your grounds. **How to heel in trees**, see below. Movement of nursery stock is governed by weather conditions.

TERMS—Cash with order, or on orders placed long in advance of shipping date, 25% cash will hold same. Expense of handling will not permit acceptance of tree orders for less than \$1.00, except where so stated or, unless called for at the nursery. Except where marked Postpaid, Parcel Post charges must be included; any excess will be refunded or extra plants sent for same. Freight and express are paid by purchaser, except as noted.

Where 10 ornamental trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

CALIFORNIA STATE TAX—State law requires us to collect 3% tax on all sales for shipment within the State. Please add this to your remittance. Shipments to points outside California require no tax.

SUBSTITUTIONS—None made unless so instructed. Indicate second choice if possible.

ADJUSTMENTS—We promptly and cheerfully correct any errors made by us, if promptly advised on receipt of stock.

Prices in This Catalog Supersede All Previous Quotations and are Subject to Change.

HEDGE PLANTS

Figures after the name show distance apart in inches to plant. Letter after same means D for deciduous; E for evergreen.

	Size	Per 50	Per 100
Barberry Japanese	15 D 8-12 in.	4.25	7.50
Boxwood English	8 E 6-8 in.	5.00	9.00
Broom, Scotch	18 E 12-18 in.	4.00	7.50
Privet, California	12 D (See Page 11)		
Privet, Lodense	12 D 12-15 in.	8.00	15.00
Privet, Amur	Very Hardy (See Page 11)		
Pyracantha, Yunnanensis	30 E 6-8 in.	7.00	12.50

FILBERT SCIONS

Filberts. Barcelona, DuChilly, Kentish Cob, Daviana, Red and White Aveline, 5c per foot. Postpaid. Nottingham, Giante de Halles. Imperial. Noce Lunghe, Emperor and twenty other scarce varieties, 10c per foot. Postpaid. Minimum order scions, \$1.00.

CHESTNUT SEED

We Offer Nuts Prepared for Planting, Ready Oct. 1st to April 1st
Postpaid to Fourth Zone

	Per lb.	10 lbs.	50 lbs.
ITALIAN	50c	\$3.50	\$12.50
FRENCH MARRON	75c	5.00	17.50

WALNUT SEED

10 Lbs. Postpaid to Fourth Zone.
Larger Lots by Freight Collect.

	10 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
NORTH CALIF. BLACK	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$4.00

NUTS TO EAT

Postpaid to Fourth Zone.

	3 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
FILBERTS	65c	\$1.00	\$1.75
HICKORY	75c	1.00	1.75

HOW TO PLANT AND CARE FOR TREES

On receipt of Plants if not to be planted at once, heel them in as follows:

Unpack them without exposing the roots to the air longer than necessary. Dig a trench in loose soil 2 feet wide and 14 inches deep. Cut strings and put the trees in side by side and cover the roots with fine earth, being careful that it is well filtered in among the roots to keep them moist. Water copiously when the trench is half full; fill trench to same depth as trees stood in the nursery row. Lean trees toward south-west.

Pruning Roots and Tops. With sharp knife trim off broken roots and bruised ends of roots of all deciduous trees and shrubs. The tops of deciduous trees and shrubs should be pruned in proportion to the amount of roots lost in transplanting. Usually remove 1/3 of growth on deciduous trees and shrubs. Most evergreens from cans or that are balled need no pruning when planted. If requested to do so we will prune back all plants before shipping. Do not cut top off Birch trees.

After Care. Never let trees get dry during the first summer. When you irrigate, see that they get a thorough soaking. This is vastly better than giving them a little water at a time. Keep the ground around your plants and trees thoroughly loose. A good mulch is a great help.

The Importance of Staking. Most deciduous trees should be firmly staked when planted, as this will prevent heavy winds from loosening them and insure a straight growth. In fastening the tree to the stake, wrap some burlap around the body of the tree first so as to prevent chafing.

Wire Tags. Should be removed when planting or they will girdle tree.

Safety and Protection. In nearly all cases it is advisable to give the trunk of deciduous trees protection to guard against sunburn. This is done by giving the trunk a thorough whitewashing to the first branches and then placing the Tree Wraps listed on Page 16.

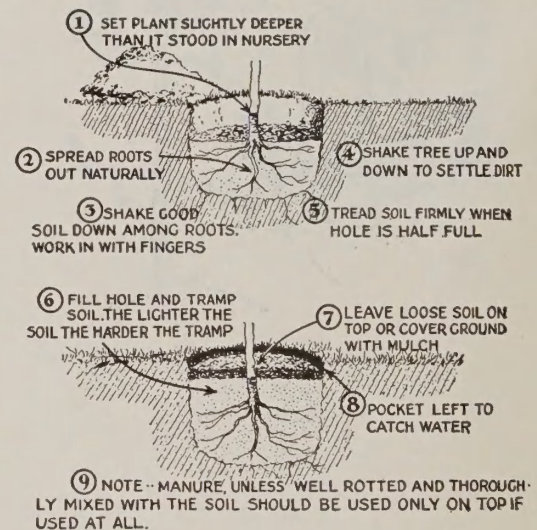
1871 — OUR GUARANTEE — 1941

Seventy Years' Continuous Service of This Nursery Is Your Guaranty of Fair and Liberal Dealing.

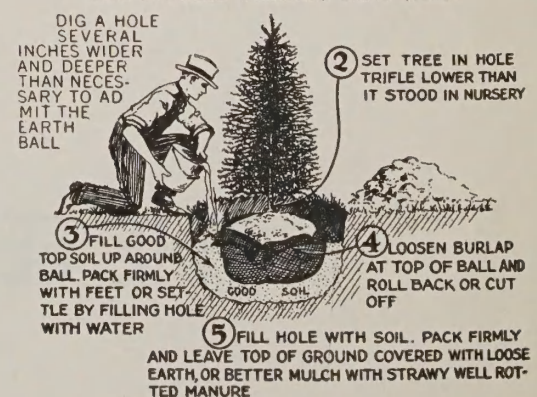
Replacement—In the event that any nursery stock sold by us should prove untrue to name under which it is sold, we hereby agree on proper proof of such untruthfulness to name to replace that portion of the order proved untrue to name, or to refund the purchase price thereof. Except for such liability, and in respect to all nursery stock or seeds sold by us, we give no warranty, express or implied, other, than that all stock is guaranteed to pass government inspection, and comply with all California state specifications as to grade, quality, etc.

Out of State Orders. Every shipment will carry a certificate of inspection issued by the Agricultural Commissioner of this county. We endeavor to keep ourselves informed on the quarantine laws affecting shipments of nursery stock to any point in the United States, to prevent any delay in the forwarding of orders.

SET PLANTS WITH BARE ROOTS THIS WAY



SET BALLED PLANTS THIS WAY



TALL EVERGREENS SHOULD BE FIRMLY GUYED INTO POSITION.

Walnuts, Pecans, FRUITS - GRAPES - BERRIES

This list of fruit trees has been selected for Home use and are all splendid sorts. Other varieties can be supplied in quantity.

Fruit trees of assorted kinds may be cumulated to take lower rate: thus 6 different kinds of fruit trees will be entitled to the six price for each class. 50 at the 100 rate.



FRANQUETTE WALNUT

WALNUTS

	Each	6	12	100
8 to 10 ft.—2 yr. Branched.	\$2.75			
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	\$7.20	\$13.80	\$90.00
4 to 6 ft.	1.00	5.70	10.80	75.00

50 at the 100 rate.

Grafted on two-year Northern California Black. Others may quote lower prices on Walnuts, but the root-pruned trees we offer with many fine roots to enable the tree to quickly re-establish itself are worth the extra cost.

Vrooman Franquette. Very hardy, late blooming. Very large handsome nut of extra fine quality, commanding 5 cents per pound premium. Resists blight. Thomas Black (see below), will pollinate Franquette.

Cluster Mayette. A self-fertile good sized, good quality nut that blooms mid-season, with Eureka. Bears young. A good home orchard variety. Sets nuts in clusters of two to four.

GRAFTED BLACK WALNUTS

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 ft.	\$1.50	\$12.50	\$100.00

5 at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Grafted on Northern California Black Walnut.

Thomas. An improved Eastern Black Walnut. Cracks out the meat in whole or large pieces. Nut and kernel large, excellent quality. Abundant and early bearer. Thomas is rated as good pollinizer for Franquette.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA BLACK WALNUT SEEDLINGS

	Each	5 to 10	50 to 100
4 to 6 ft., per each	\$.50	\$.45	\$.30
3 to 4 ft., per each	.40	.35	.25



PECANS

Grafted trees, 2-3 ft., \$1.75 each

Burkett. In California the trees that have come into bearing have borne very heavy crops. Nut is large, almost round, thin-shelled, the whole meat coming out very readily. A beautiful shade tree.

Caloro. Very large, long, and tapering, of highest quality. Cracks shell easily and perfectly. Begins to bear in the third year, producing heavily thereafter. Commercial or home use for the inland valleys of California.

Success. Large, oblong, medium thick shell, kernel of finest flavor. This variety and Burkett are said to bear well by themselves.

ALMOND

	Each	10
4 to 6 ft. per each	\$.60	\$.50

Varieties—Drake and Nonpareil, which should be planted together. Best kinds for home use.

BUTTERNUTS

Juglans cinerea. The good old butternut so many of us remember gathering in our youth. Makes a good shade tree. Meats are sweet and rich. 8 to 12 inch, 35c; 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

HICKORY NUTS

Shagback. The sweetest nuts of all. Makes stately tree. 6 to 8 inch, 25c each. Hickory nuts to eat, 25c lb.; 3 lbs. for 75c; 5 lbs. for \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75. Post-paid to Fourth Zone.

APPLE

	Each	6	12	100
2 yr. branched 4-6 ft.	\$.65	\$3.60	\$6.60	\$40.00

Except the New Anoka

Arkansas Black—Dark red. Late fall. Firm and crisp.

Anoka—Wonderful new home use apple. Bears in two years, and regularly. Summer. Red striped, 85c each.

Fameuse (Snow)—Red striped with snow white flesh of the highest quality. Ripens in October.

Grimes Golden. High quality yellow winter. Productive.

Red Jonathan. Late fall. Early bearer, high quality and productive.

Red Delicious—Early winter. A fine eating apple. Productive.

Red Astrachan—July. Early bearer, good cropper. Does well in interior valleys.

Red Gravenstein—Red striped. Fall. Excellent quality.

Red Rome Beauty—Red. Winter. Best for baking. Blooms late. Early bearer.

Red Siberian Crab. Summer. Best for jelly.

Winesap—Red. Late winter. Latest keeper of all. Good for all uses.

Yellow Belleflower—Fall, very aromatic. Bears best when planted in interior valleys.

Yellow Delicious—Late fall. Preferred by some, as of fine flavor.

Yellow Newtown Pippin—Late winter. A fine keeper, cooker, shipper, producer.

PEAR

(2 Year, Branched—Same Price as Apple)

On French Pear Roots

Bartlett—Well-known late summer sort.

Comice—High quality table fruit. Fall.

Seckel—Small size but of high vinous, spicy quality. Late summer.

APRICOT

PEACH—NECTARINE

	Each	6	12	100
1 year, 4-6 ft.	\$.50	\$2.75	\$4.80	\$30.00

Apricot. Wenatchee Moorpark. Very large, productive and finest quality.

Nectarines. Gower. White flesh. Red skin. Freestone. Boston. Yellow flesh. Freestone. Quetta. White firm flesh. Clingstone.

PEACH—(Priced Above)

Champion. White freestone. Hardy, Delicious. August.

Early Elberta—Yellow freestone. August. All around good peach.

Improved Elberta—Better in every way than old type. Yellow freestone. September.

Hales Early—White freestone. July. Best early eating peach.

J. H. Hale—Large yellow freestone. August. Canning or eating.

Heath Cling—Finest white home canner.

Golden Jubilee—Yellow freestone. Elberta type, but one month earlier. Best early yellow.

Rochester—August. Large. Yellow freestone. Finest quality.

Slappy—Large deep yellow freestone, for canning.

Strawberry—White freestone. Popular. July.

Tuscan Cling—September. Yellow canning sort.

ASPARAGUS - BERRY PLANTS - RHUBARB

STRONG FIRST GRADE PLANTS

	Each	6	12	50	100
*CORY THORNLESS BLACKBERRY	15	75	1.25	4.00	7.50
*YOUNGBERRY (New Thornless)	15	85	1.50	4.50	8.00
*BOYSENBERRY	15	75	1.25	4.00	7.50
*LOGANBERRY	15	75	1.25	4.00	7.50
NECTARBERRY—Wonderful new berry. Prolific	25	90	1.75	6.00	10.00
*CUMBERLAND BLACK CAP RASPBERRY	15	75	1.25	4.00	7.50
CUTHBERT RASPBERRY	10	50	75	2.75	5.00
LLOYD GEORGE RASPBERRY (New)	15	75	1.50	4.50	8.00
ST. REGIS RASPBERRY—Everbearing	10	50	75	2.75	5.00
ASPARAGUS—Mary Washington			40	1.35	2.50
MASTODON STRAWBERRY—Everbearing			35	1.25	2.00
PROGRESSIVE STRAWBERRY—Everbearing					Same price as Mastodon.
ROCKHILL STRAWBERRY—Everbearing. New. Makes no runners—Of fine quality. Bears longer and more berries than other kinds.			75	2.50	4.75
RHUBARB—Embree Cherry—(See below)	20	1.25	2.25		
RHUBARB—Strawberry—(See below)	25	1.35	2.50		

Embree and Strawberry Rhubarb are extra sweet and tender. True divisions.

*These are strong tip-rooted plants.

FREE 18-INCH TREE GUARD WITH EVERY FRUIT TREE

See Page 16 for Tree Guards in Quantity

CHERRY

	Each	6	12	100
2 year, 4-6 ft., branched	\$.75	\$4.20	\$7.80	\$50.00

Mazzard Roots

Royal Ann. The canning cherry. Pollenized by Black Tartarian. White with blush cheek.

Black Tartarian—Large, of fine flavor. Self-fruitful.

Bing—Very large, firm, fine quality. Pollenizer: Black Tartarian.

Black Lambert—Late ripening, excellent quality.

PERSIMMON

Hachiya, very large bright red. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.
Fuyu—This new persimmon is never puckery. Quite firm even when fully ripe. Fruits large, young and heavy bearer. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

PLUM

2-year branched 4 to 6 ft. (Same price as apple.)
Climax. Very large, heart-shaped. Deep red.

Green Gage. Greenish yellow for canning.

Hungarian—A very large hardy plum. Fine either fresh or canned.

Italian Prune—Dark purple. Hardy. To can, dry or eat fresh.

Santa Rosa—Large, red fleshed. Juicy.

Satsuma—Late. Large round. Skin and flesh red.

Pomegranate. Variety. Wonderful. Very large and juicy. 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

Quince. Variety Smyrna. Bearing size, 85c to \$2.00.

FIG

1-year, 4 to 6 ft. (Same price as 2 yr. apple.)
Brown Turkey. High quality large fruit.
Black Mission. Large and fine.
Kadota. White for preserves.
White Magdalene. Quite hardy and delicious flavor.

GRAPES

Grapes. For home use. No. 1 grade. Each, 20c; six, 90c; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$5.00. Listed in order of ripening.

Black Hamburg	Muscat
Rose of Peru	Malaga
Ribier	Thompson Seedless
Red Malaga	Lady Finger (Rish Baba)

American Grapes. CONCORD, black. DELAWARE, red. NIAGARA, white. All are high quality. Fine for arbors. Hardy. Used for grape juice, jelly and eating fresh No. 1 grade. Each, 25c; six, \$1.20; dozen, \$2.00.

Early Muscat. This Extra Quality tightly bunched amber fleshed variety ripens a full month before the Standard Muscat. 25c each.

Medlar. This tree fruit, about the size of a plum, is said to be very beneficial to rheumatic sufferers. Is quite ornamental, having attractive foliage, ruddy hues in the fall. Strong trees to 6 ft., \$1.50 each.

Mulberry. (Morus Niger). Black Persian, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.50.



CHESTNUT TREE PRICE LIST

GRAFTED TREES	Height in feet	6"	5"	4"	3"	2"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"
	Caliper in inches	3/4 to 1	1 1/8 to 3/4	5/8 to 1/2	3/8 to 5/8	5/16 to 3/8	1/4 to 5/16	3/16 to 1/4
COLOSSAL—1 year.....				\$1.75	\$1.50	\$1.25	\$1.00	\$.85
LARGE AMERICAN SWEET—1 year.....				1.50	1.25	1.00	.75	.65
QUERCY—1 year.....				1.50	1.25	1.00	.75	.65

Above Varieties FALL FREE FROM BURR

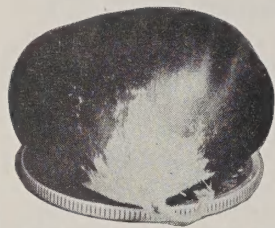
SEED GROWN TREES. Described at bottom this page.

ITALIAN—1 year and 2 years.....	\$.90	.80	.70	.60	.50	.40	.30
HYBRID—1 year and 2 years.....	\$.90	.80	.70	.60	.50	.40	.30
FRENCH MARRON—1 year.....	\$.90	.80	.70	.60	.50	.40	.30
MOLLISSIMA—2 year Transplant.....			1.25	1.00			
JAPANESE—2 year.....			.70	.60	.50		

LARGE AMERICAN. Very Sweet.

(Our Introduction)

Large American. Sweet. Five times the size of native American sweet and nearly as good quality. Matures very early, bringing top prices. Very attractive in form and color. A good bearer and strong grower. **Nuts fall free from burr** and are uniform in size. We strongly recommend this variety. Use French Marron for pollinizer.

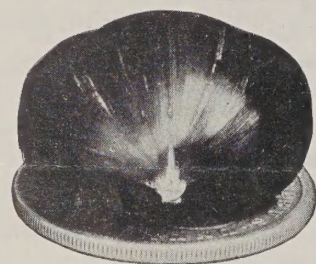


LARGE AMERICAN SWEET
Covers 50-Cent Piece

QUERCY. Heavy Bearer.

(Our Introduction)

Quercy. A French Marron of large uniform size. Introduced many years ago by Felix Gillet. Nut is round and glossy, dark rich brown, selling instantly on its appearance. Of heaviest consistent bearing. The most precocious bearer we have ever seen. Sets burrs three months from the graft. Matures nuts late and is in prime condition for the holiday trade. While not as good eating quality as the others listed, it can be counted on to stack up tonnage and profits. **80% fall free from burr.**



QUERCY
Covers a Silver Dollar

Quercy bears young, yields heavy.

Just see the number of burrs on these four months old trees right in the nursery rows.



PLANT CHESTNUTS For Steady Income

Requiring but occasional pruning, no spraying, no propping, no ladder climbing—the Chestnut is produced at very low costs. After the tree has been in three or four years no pruning is necessary. Let it grow naturally. Old trees should have the bushy growth removed from inside every four or five years. According to age yields of **2000 to 5000 pounds per acre may be expected.** At wholesale price of 10c per pound, the cash return will run from \$200 to \$500 per acre. Chestnuts bloom in June and **are never injured by frost.**

CHESTNUT TREES FOR ORNAMENT

This year we offer selected branched FRENCH MARRONS for avenue or shade.

Size 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 6 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$2.00; 7 to 8 ft., \$2.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$3.50.

HOW TO PLANT AND GROW THE CHESTNUT

Where to Plant—It grows like a regular native tree here and in the Sierra Nevada Mountains and wherever the Black Oak is found will be ideal conditions. They are also at home in the Valleys and are doing well near the coast. Immense trees can be expected on the deep, heavy soils. They take kindly to adobe.

How to Plant—On heavy, rich soil plant 60x60 feet. Poorer land 50x50, or if space is limited, 40x40. The chestnut requires plenty of light and air. Sixty feet between the rows and 30 feet apart in the row is the best plan. This takes 24 trees to the acre. Take out every other tree in row before they crowd. This plan allows inter-cropping of the wide row for a number of years. Seedling trees may be used for the interplants.

Soils—The chestnut does best on soils that are slightly acid, deep and fertile. This tree can not be expected to resist Oak Root fungus.

Cross-Pollination—More than one variety should be planted, both for benefits of cross-pollination and to lengthen out the harvest season. Our Quercy and French Marron varieties have an abundance of pollen.

Planting—Dig holes 2x2 feet all around. With sharp knife remove broken roots and cut ends of all roots to sound wood. Remove all buds below ground-line. Plant tree not deeper than before. Use only top soil (well firmed with ball of foot) about the roots. Tie tree firmly to stake soon as planted. Set stake while planting to avoid driving it into roots. Cut back whip trees one-half and allow one strong shoot to grow to six feet where it may be headed. Branched trees cut back to 3 or 4 branches and head in branches to 3 buds from trunk. Encourage growth to one central leader, which is Nature's way. **DON'T TRAIN TO VASE FORM**, as trees will split apart with weight of the crop. Shade trunk for first few years with Yucca Tree Protectors (see page 16) or two thin boards.

Irrigation—When well established they will bear bountifully without irrigation. If water is available, **irrigation should be practiced.** Heavy irrigation followed by cultivation three weeks before nuts begin to fall is highly desirable, to loosen nuts from burr.

Cost to Plant—60x60 ft. square method takes 12 trees. Triangle method, 14 trees per acre, which costs only \$7.00 to \$15.00 per acre for grafted trees.

Two New Fancy Leaf CHESTNUTS

See Page 15

COLOSSAL. Our introduction. An Asiatic hybrid. Extremely large nuts that **FALL FREE FROM THE BURR.** Ripens in September and brings high prices, being first in the market. Quality good. Quercy and French Marron pollinates it. Using 1 Quercy to 8 Colossals, **this variety produces BIG PROFITS.** The nuts are big, the crop is big, the profits are big. Matures nuts in September. Whole crop is down in 10 days or two weeks. Original tree produced 300 lbs. in 1939 and it is a small tree, compared with other chestnuts.

COLOSSAL. Actual Size.

(Our Introduction)

SEED GROWN TREES

French Marron—Seedlings of Quercy, one of the best of the large Marrons. Regular bearers of large, fine nuts. They do well under California conditions and are best for planting in Coastal counties.

Hybrid—These are from our Large American Sweet variety. Trees of this type are likely to produce fine new sorts. Most of them drop free from burrs and are of sweet taste.

Italian or Spanish—Seedlings of the European chestnut. While not so large as the Marron type, they bear good quality nuts of fair size and do well under severe conditions.

Japanese. Very large. Hardy. Said to be Blight Resistant. Bears young.

Mollissima—Known as "Chinese Hairy Chestnut," and bears quite young. Nuts large, good quality with easily peeled skin. It is more blight-resistant than any other species.

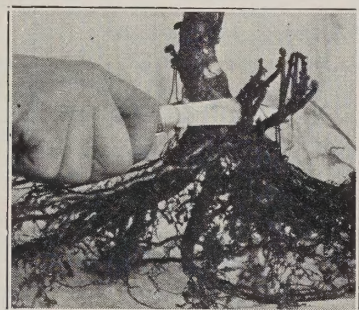
FILBERT OR HAZEL NUT

EASILY GROWN—EASILY SOLD

**No Better Crop for Mountain Lands or Foothills—
Give Them Water, They'll Give You Nuts**

A Splendid Ornamental Tree or Large Shrub

**Dis-Budding
for
Tree Form**



Maximum Yields will result from training to tree form, with single stem branching. Careful dis-budding of sucker buds at planting time and removal of suckers as they appear for a few years will allow branches to make nice shaped trees. **Engraving shows dis-budding method.** Remove small buds closely with point of knife. **Do not expose roots unduly.**

Good yields will result from the bush form, allowing four or five shoots to grow from root crown. **Do not dis-bud for bush form.** Bushy trees will be furnished if specified when ordering.

Filbert Varieties

Barcelona. The best commercial variety; introduced and named by Felix Gillet. Our plants are therefore genuine, being direct from the **original mother tree**. Its value for the grower of market nuts lies in its heavy yield, large size, good appearance, strong growth and disease resistance. **The nuts are not retained in the husks.** All drop to the ground over a period of three weeks during September. One inch broad by 3/4-inch thick. Round or nearly so, color brown, bright and handsome. Borne singly and in clusters of two to six. Will bear well in part shade.

Pollinators—10c higher than list.

***DuChilly.** Large, over 1 inch long by 3/4-inch broad, flattened. Excellent quality, good bearer. It pollinizes Barcelona and is pollinized by Barcelona, Nottingham and Daviana.

***Daviana.** Nut large, roundish oblong, excellent quality. One of the best pollinizers for Barcelona, DuChilly and Purple Leaf.

***Merville de Bollwiller.** A round, point-nut of good size and quality.

Purple Leaf Aveline. A beautiful ornamental variety. Believed to be pollinated by Daviana. Priced on Page 11.

***White Aveline.** Medium size, fair bearer. Quality very high. Fine pollinizer.

***Nottingham.** Probably the best pollinator for Barcelona and DuChilly. Nuts are small but good flavor and tree bears regularly good crops. Trees of this variety are lighter grade than Barcelona. Prices on Nottingham are 15c higher than the list.

***These varieties will pollinize Barcelona and will be sold only in connection with Barcelona.**

NUTS ON PINES

See COULTER and SINGLE LEAF
PINE on Page 6



BRANCH OF BARCELONA VARIETY. ARROWS SHOW NUTS.

PLANTING AND CULTURE OF FILBERTS

METHODS OF POLLENIZING

(A) Plant solid to Barcelona. After third year top, graft one limb of each tree to Nottingham or White Aveline. Then put in grafts scattered through the planting of DuChilly, Daviana, White Aveline, Cosford; either several or all, to extent of ten assorted pollenizers per hundred of Barcelona. **We will furnish grafting wood of these varieties.**

(B) Use 11% assorted pollenizers scattered through the planting, as shown above, to every hundred Barcelona. Every third tree in every third row planted to a pollinator is 11%. This method cuts down the number of Barcelona trees per acre and yield will probably be less than by first plan.

(C) Is a combination of the two methods. Experience has shown, that it is best not to depend on any one pollinizer. Owing to the peculiar blooming habits of the filbert, a known good pollinizer will fail one year and act favorably the next. This is particularly true in some districts. **Therefore, we advise the planting of several pollinating varieties in every commercial planting.**

DISTANCE APART TO PLANT

On good soils, plant 20 to 25 feet apart. On poorer soil, 16 to 18 feet. Either square or triangular planting is satisfactory. For windbreaks or hedge-rows, 6 to 10 feet.

FOR GOOD GROWTH

Plant carefully with root-crown not over 3 inches below surface. Leave basin for irrigating.

FOR GOOD HEALTH

Mix one-half to one pound BONE MEAL with soil that goes about the roots. **Later Apply 1/4 to 1/2 pound**, according to size of tree, of Nitrate of Soda or Sulphate of Ammonia, in two applications. First, as buds are starting; second, 3 weeks later. Hoe in or scatter over root area.

FOR SAFETY

Shade stem of your tree with YUCCA TREE PROTECTORS (see page 16 for prices) or by two thin boards, V fashion, southwest side.

FOR GOOD CULTIVATION

Irrigate in basin directly over roots the first two years and cultivate regularly. **Plant early in spring as possible. Plant cover crops suitable to your location.** (See your County Agent about same.)

SOILS FOR FILBERTS

They will grow in most any soil, shallow or deep, as they are shallow rooted. Best results are obtained on soils that are not heavily acid, but a slight acidity is not harmful.

PRICE LIST OF FILBERT TREES

Our Barcelona trees are all propagated by layers from the **ORIGINAL MOTHER TREE WHICH STILL STANDS ON OUR GROUNDS** and are mostly low branched trees, as they should be. Our prices for these trees are very reasonable. When you make comparison, keep quality and not price in mind. All are heavily rooted transplants.

	Caliper		Each	10	100
4 yr., 6 to 8 ft., heavy	1 in. up	Per each	\$1.50		
3 yr., 5 to 6 ft., heavy	1 1/16 in. up	Per each	1.00		
3 yr., 4 to 5 ft.	7/16 to 1 1/16 in.	Per each	.70	.60	.55
2 yr., 3 to 4 ft.	7/16 to 1/2 in.	Per each	.60	.50	.45
2 yr., 2 to 3 ft.	5/16 to 7/16 in.	Per each	.50	.40	.35
2 yr., 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	1/4 to 5/16 in.	Per each	.40	.30	.25
1 yr., 1 to 2 ft.	3/16 to 1/4 in.	Per each	.30	.20	

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Above prices for Barcelona variety only. DuChilly and all pollinators except as noted 10c per tree higher. Nottingham, 15c per tree higher. All our trees are heavily rooted and graded by caliper, roots are what count. Bushy low-branched plants may be had in the 5 to 6 ft., 4 to 5 ft., 3 to 4 ft. sizes, for hedge rows. Plant 6 to 8 feet apart for hedges.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR TRIAL PLANTINGS

2-Yr. Trees	Transportation PREPAID to 4th Parcel Post Zone.	2-Yr. Trees
Offer No. 1.	18 Barcelona, 2 Pollenizers 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	\$6.35
Offer No. 2.	9 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizer 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	3.35
Offer No. 3.	4 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizer 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	1.95

Offers Nos. 1, 2 and 3 comprise trees, and tree protector for each tree.

Postpaid to 4th zone.

No changes can be made in above offers.

California customers, please add sales tax.

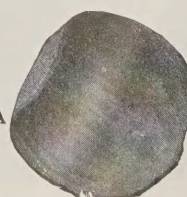


2-YR. BARCELONA IN
NURSERY
(Arrows Show the Nuts)

DuCHILLY



BARCELONA



GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS 40 Kinds

CEDRUS

C. atlantica. "Mt. Atlas Cedar." Large trees of open growth and pyramidal form. When young, branches are somewhat stiff but with age they become beautifully graceful with drooping branches closely covered with dark green foliage. 12 to 15 in., 75c; 15 to 18 in., 85c; 18 to 24 in., \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50.

C. Atlantica Glauca. "Blue Mt. Atlas Cedar." The foliage is a beautiful silvery blue. One of the very finest conifers for an accent point in the landscape. Makes medium size tree. Grafted plants, B.B., 6 to 7 ft., \$7.50; 6 to 8 in. grafted plants, 75c; 8 to 12 in., 85c; 12 to 18 in., \$1.25.

C. libani. "Cedar of Lebanon." Vigorous growth; wide-spreading, horizontal branches; dark green foliage; massive and picturesque. Large specimens only boxed. Ask for prices.

CHAMAECYPARIS

Trees valuable for garden and park purposes, and in the dwarf sizes admirably adapted to porch and interior decorations. Habit varies from almost dwarfs to very large trees.

C. NootKatensis glauca. (R). "Blue Nootka Cypress." 10 ft. Rare. Handsome dwarf tree, pyramidal shape, with blue foliage; branchlets with slightly pendulous tips. B.B., 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$3.50; 30 to 36 inch, \$4.50.

C. Obtusa nana. (R). A very dwarf form. Famous miniature Japanese Cypress. A plant of artistic elegance for house window box or rock garden. 4 inch pots, 85c-\$1.00.

C. obtusa Crippsi. 6 ft. A beautiful and rare species of the Japanese Hinoki Cypress with graceful arching flattened, fern-like foliage, dark green, shading to bright gold at the tips. Of small size and prefers partial shade. 5 to 6 ft., \$5.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50; 12 to 18 in., \$1.75; 18 to 24 in., \$2.00.

CUPRESSUS. CYPRESS

Tall or medium sized trees, usually of rapid erect growth. They thrive in almost any good soil and are useful landscape material for quick or permanent effects. Cypress keep their form better with little or no irrigation. Shearing improves form.

C. Arizona. "Arizona Cypress." 40 ft. Beautiful bluish-green cypress of narrow, pyramidal form. Suitable to the hot dry sections of the interior. Gal. cans, 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00.

C. sempervirens fastigiata, "Italian Cypress." A tall, slender-growing variety with straight branches lying close to the stem; for formal effects and other landscape work. Balled, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.25; gal. cans, 50c and 75c.

CRYPTOMERIA. Plume Cypress

C. japonica elegans. "Plume Cypress." 12 ft. A low, dense, bushy tree with spreading branches, soft, wavy foliage, bright green changing to charming bronzy red in fall and winter. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, 85c; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50.



—Group A— Group B—

Firs	Lawson Cypress
Pines	Arizona Cypress
Spruce	MacNab Cypress
Cedrus	Monterey Cypress
Libocedrus	Greek Juniper
Hemlock	Japanese Yew
Larch	Nootka Cypress
Sequoia	
Torreya	



CONIFER GUIDE To Show General Form

A B C D E F

—Group C—

Berkman A. V.
Italian Cypress
California Juniper
Irish Yew
Pyramid Arborvitae
Hills Silver Juniper

—Group D—

Mugho Pine
Woodward A. vitae

—Group E—

Pfitzer Juniper
Savin Juniper
Armstrong Juniper
Prostrate Juniper

—Group F—

Andorra Juniper
Sargents Juniper
Sabina Tam. Juniper
Waukegan Juniper
Procumbens Juniper
Shore Juniper

JUNIPERS

The junipers comprise a splendid collection of small trees. The growth varies from upright to spreading and trailing habit. Unequalled by any other plant for rock work, garden formal effects when small size is necessary. All Junipers are **HARDY**.

UPRIGHT GROWING JUNIPERS

***J. californica glauca.** "California Juniper." 8 ft. A rare handsome pyramidal tree of medium size, straight and spire like. Clothed to the ground with beautiful silvery foliage. Unaffected by heat, cold or drought. Very rare in cultivation. Gal. cans, 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; B.B., 24 to 30 inch, \$2.25; 30 to 36 inch, \$3.00.

J. Scopolorum hilli. "Hill's Silver Juniper." 8 ft. A fast growing cone of magnificent silvery white fine-needled foliage. An upright juniper of incomparable form and color. Grafted plants, B.B., 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.85.

*Means native of California.

PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes determined by spread not height.

J. chinensis procumbens. "Trailing Chinese Juniper." Prostrate creeping variety. Blue green foliage, making a mat close to ground. Hardy. 8 to 12 inch, 60c; 12 to 15 inch, 85c; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.25.

J. communis depressa plumosa. "Andorra Juniper." New and exceptionally fine prostrate juniper. During spring and summer, bright green in color, changing in winter to purple-bronze of an exceedingly rich shade. B.B., 8 to 12 inch, 60c; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.25.

J. conferta. "Shore Juniper." A new creeping Juniper from the seashore of Japan which makes a dense carpet of blue-green foliage about one foot high. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.25; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00.

J. Horizontalis Douglasi. (R). "Waukegan Juniper." A creeping sort of soft blue foliage, not over six inches high. Rare and distinct from any other sort. Plentiful silver berries. Grows slowly. B.B., 8 to 12 inch, 75c; 12 to 15 inch, 85c; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.25.

J. sabina tamariscifolia. A very fine creeping Juniper seldom more than one foot high and attaining a spread of 6 or 8 feet, making a dense, compact mat of gray-green foliage which never changes color. 8 to 12 inch, 50c; 12 to 15 inch, 75c.

SEMI-PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes Indicate Spread and Not Height

Armstrong's Spreading Juniper. A new hybrid or sport, which is a fine new dwarf evergreen. It makes a dense mass of soft, grey-green foliage, about 2 feet high, and becoming about 5 feet across. Splendid for massing in the foreground of any planting. Thrives in sun or shade. Hardy. B.B., 15 to 18 inch, \$1.35; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.25.

J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. "Pfitzer Juniper." One of the finest Junipers in cultivation. Has bushy widespread horizontal branches, and forms an immense flat irregular head of bluish-green foliage, graceful in outline. Hardy. Gallon cans, 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 85c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.25.

J. chinensis sargentii blue. "Sargent Juniper." Forms low, dense mat of widespreading branches clothed with blue foliage of handsome texture. Hardy. Likes sun. An elegant juniper. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00; 15 to 18 in., \$1.35.

J. Communis depressa "Prostrate Juniper." 2 ft. A gray foliated plant, spreading six to eight feet, but not over two feet high. Can be kept smaller by trimming. Excellent in front of taller conifers. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75.

*Means native of California. B.B. means dug with earth ball, wrapped in burlap.

LIBOCEDRUS. Incense Cedar

***Decurrens.** Small specimens and full grown trees are beautiful. Glossy green foliage sheds dust. Forms a perfect cone. No more satisfactory evergreen for California conditions. Grows rapidly. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 85c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$5.50; gallon cans, 50c.

PICEA. SPRUCE

P. Excelsa. "Norway Spruce." 30 ft. The quickest and most easily grown spruce. Adapts itself everywhere. Fine for Christmas tree on lawn or evergreen groups. Hardy. B.B., 4 to 5 ft., \$5.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$6.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$6.00 to \$7.50; 7 to 8 ft., \$10.00; gallon cans, 50c, 75c.

P. Koyamai. "Koyamai Spruce." 40 ft. Of narrow pyramidal and slow growth. Rare and beautiful conifer from Japan, for lawn or evergreen groups. Hardy. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$5.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$6.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$7.50.

P. Sitchensis. "Sitka Spruce." Bluish foliage. Slow and compact growth. A beauty. Rarely seen in cultivation. Develops its beauty with age. Hardy. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$5.00.

P. Albertiana. "Black Hills Spruce." A sturdy, symmetrical, compact, rounded shape continuous from infancy to maturity. The color is brightly fresh, variably green to strong blue. Inclined to be dwarf in California. Gallon cans, 75c.

PINUS. PINE

P. Coulteri. "Big Cone Pine." Gray foliage. Edible nuts. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75.

***P. Monophylla.** "Single Leaf Pine." Native of Nevada and Eastern slopes of the Sierra. A small slow growing type of compact habit and short stiff silvery needles. Seeds edible. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75-\$2.00; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50.

P. mughus. "Mugho Dwarf Pine." (R). An excellent dwarf pine, globe shaped and erect branching. Very attractive, especially in spring when new growth resembles miniature candles. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50 to \$2.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.25 to \$2.50.

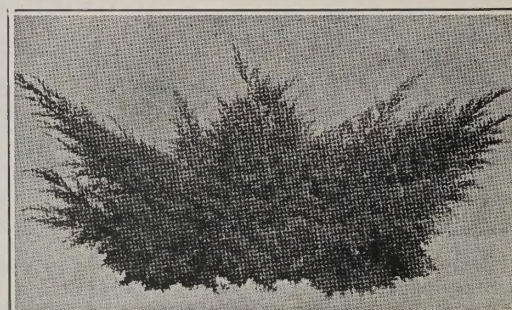
***P. Ponderosa.** "Western Yellow Pine." Stout, spreading branches, forming a narrow spire-like head. Leaves long, dark green. A fine pine for quick effect. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.75; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

***P. Sabiniana.** "Gray Pine." "Digger Pine." Stands drought. Picturesque. Large, edible seeds. B.B., 3 to 4 feet, \$1.75.

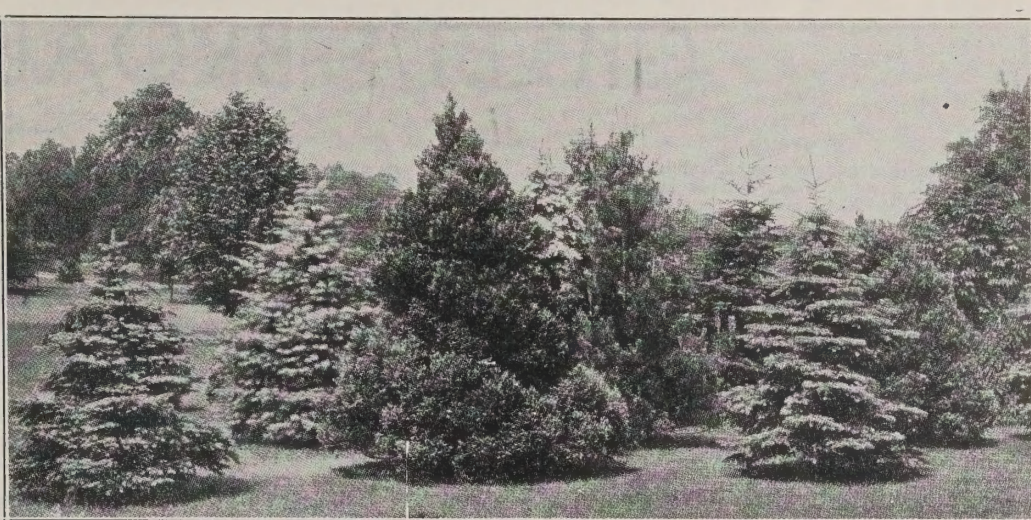
PODOCARPUS

Podocarpus macrophylla. "Yew Podocarpus." 20 ft. Small, upright tree with broad, soft yew-like needles. Worthwhile for the collector or seashore. Has peculiar flower with blue stem with red ball at end, unusual form. B.B., 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.00.

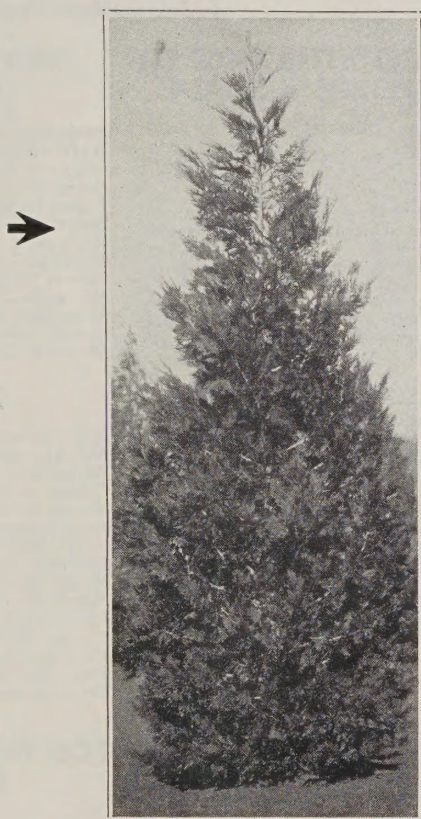
* Means Native of California.



PFITZERS JUNIPER



GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS 40 Kinds



INCENSE CEDAR



DOUGLAS SPRUCE

RETINISPORA

R. Squarrosa veitchi. "Silver Cypress." (R.) Of broad pyramidal habit, but may be pruned any shape. Silvery-blue, billowy masses of foliage make this desirable. Sun or shade. Hardy. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50. Trimmed round heads, on 18-inch stems, \$2.00 to \$3.50.

SCIADOPITYS

S. verticillata. "Japanese Umbrella Tree." Of elegant conical habit and slow growth. A rare tree. 15 to 18 inch, \$3.50.

SEQUOIA

***S. Gigantea.** "Giant Sequoia." Big tree of the Sierras. A trim sturdy tree, with blue-green foliage, rapidly developing into perfect conical form. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.50; 30 to 36 inch, \$3.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$5.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$7.50.

***S. Sempervirens.** "California Coast Redwood." Rapid growth, tapering pyramidal habit. Does well in all parts of California. Makes beautiful avenues or specimen tree. Potted, 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 24 to 30 inch, 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., boxed, \$3.00.

TORREYA . . . Nutmeg Tree

***Californica.** California Nutmeg. A rare native Evergreen, slowly attaining medium size, with narrow sharp-pointed lustrous leaves, 1½ inches long, with fruit like a large olive. Very ornamental. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.75.

TAXUS. YEW

T. baccata fastigiata. "Irish Yew." Foliage darkest green. The whole plant appears like a deep green column. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00. Larger sizes special quotations.

T. cuspidata capitata. "Upright Japanese Yew." 8 ft. This variety has a distinct central leader, producing a symmetrical upright specimen with glossy deep green foliage. For tall part shade or sun they are unequalled. Hardy. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.25; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.85; 3 to 4 ft., \$4.00.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE

This gem of all Spruces grows slowly with compact branching, possessing a haughty character and is very effective as a lawn specimen due to its smaller type of growth. Hardy. They can be furnished in silvery blue, medium blue and green, needed types, as follows, balled and burlaped:

We have this splendid tree in quantity in wide range of size, color and form. The glistening silver blues are priced per foot of height at \$2.00 per foot; medium blue at \$1.50 per foot; green at \$1.00 per foot. State your price limit for extra value selection as variation of color and form is wide.

PSEUDOTSUGA

P. Douglassi glauca (Pseudotsuga Taxifolia glauca) "Colorado Douglas Spruce." (Douglas-fir)—70 ft. A splendid type of evergreen for specimen plantings. Possesses character and charm through its shapeliness and blue-green foliage. Grows rapidly and not so particular as to soil conditions. Makes beautiful lawn Christmas tree for small homes, as it grows neat and compact. Sets cones young. Some of those offered now being in cone. Hardy. Have large selections in sizes 2 feet up to 12 feet. Prices run \$1.00 per foot of height, plus 25% for extra select.

***P. Douglassi.** "Douglas Spruce." "Oregon Pine." Green foliage type of the Pacific Coast. Excepting the Sequoias, our most gigantic tree. Growth erect, rapid, and symmetrical. Excellent living Christmas tree. Foliage soft rich dark green. B.B., 2 and 3 ft., \$2.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.00.

*Means native of California.

THUYA. Arbor Vitae

A group of very useful, hardy evergreens, thriving in a wide variety of soils and exposures for formal and semi-formal use.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. "Pyramidal arborvitae." A densely columnar type, most compact and erect of the entire species, at 12 feet high averaging 24 to 30 inches in diameter. Foliage a deep green, retaining color. The most popular pyramid for flanking the stoops in colonial architecture. B.B., 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50.

T. occidentalis Woodwardi. (R.) "Globe Arborvitae." A dwarf, dense, globular bush. Use to accent entrances, gateways, etc. 12x12 inches, \$1.75.

T. orientalis aurea nana. (R.) "Berkmann's Dwarf Golden." Dwarf compact shrub; foliage bright permanent yellow. Fine as low accent plant and in tubs. B.B., 8 to 10 inch, 50c; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00.

THUYOPSIS

T. dolabrata. (R.) A Japanese Arborvitae of distinct form. Foliage dark green above with white lines beneath. Develops into handsome broad pyramidal tree in part shade. Unexcelled for that dark corner. Also variegated form. Potted, 18 to 24 inch, \$2.25.

TSUGA. Hemlock

T. canadensis. "Hemlock." 30 ft. Of rare grace and beauty. Does best in part shade, away from hot winds. Grows slowly. Can be pruned to low form. B.B., 5 to 6 ft., \$5.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50.

Rock Garden Evergreens

No plant is more suitable or effective in the ROCK GARDEN than the creeping Junipers, Dwarf Pines and other sorts we have indicated thus (R) through the catalog. For background, select the medium growing conifers for year around pleasing effect.



COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE



CLIPPED ENGLISH LAUREL
IN FOREGROUND

ABELIA

A. grandiflora. (S.) 6 ft. Small glossy leaves. Flowers an inch long, white flushed pink. Blooms profusely all summer. Fine foundation plant, improved by shearing. Quite hardy. B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.00.

Abelia Schumannii. 3 ft. New Abelia similar to *A. grandiflora*, but the beautiful pinkish-lavender flowers are much larger and brighter and in profusion all through the spring and summer. Any soil, full sun or part shade. Quite hardy. 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS (Manzanita)

***A. manzanita.** A Spanish name meaning little apple. Evergreen shrub with crooked branches; bark dark red; flowers white or pink in clusters; fruit berry like and brown in color, leaves silvery. For sunny situations. A striking acquisition to any garden if soil is acid. Gal. container, 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

AUCUBA

A. japonica. "Gold Dust Laurel." (S.) 6 ft. Leaves almost covered with yellow dots. Excellent for tub culture or planting in shade. 4 in. pots, 6 to 8 inch, 35c; 8 to 12 inch, 50c; 12 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 up.

Small male plants, 35c.

AZALEA

These plants will glorify your garden. Many are loaded with flower buds. They are sensitive to lime, requiring marked soil acidity. This condition may be induced by application of Aluminum Sulphate, ½ lb. per square yard or 5 pounds per 100 square feet sprinkled evenly over surface and lightly worked in. (15c per lb.; 2 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 90c, not prepaid). Don't allow them to become over-dry. Plant part shade or with morning sun, in peat moss.

Altaclare. Deciduous. 4 ft. Brilliant yellow. Large flowers. Foliage red in autumn. 8 to 12 inch, \$1.00.

Mollis. Deciduous. 5 ft. Orange, apricot, yellow shadings. Large flowers in showy abundance. With flower buds, 9 to 12 inch, \$1.15; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50.

Nudiflora. Very attractive with blooms early in May, varying in color from a beautiful pink to red-dish-purple. A good shrub for mass planting. 6 to 8 inch, 75c.

Kurume. 3 ft. Hardy to 15° above zero. Glorious blooms in early spring. Evergreen foliage. Flame. Single Bronzy Red. **Rosymorn.** Double cerise pink. 6 to 8 inch, 50c.

***Occidentalis.** 6 ft. A Californian with white to pink fragrant flowers. With flower buds. Deciduous. 9 to 12 inch, \$1.00.

BUXUS. Boxwood

This plant always gives an air of distinction to ones grounds. Useful for formal planting and as accent plants. Besides those listed we can furnish large specimens for fine estates. Write for prices and photographs.

True Dwarf English Boxwood. Trimmed globes, 6 to 8 inch, 50c; 8 to 12 inch, 90c; 12 to 15 inch, \$2.00; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.75; 18 to 24 inch, \$3.50. For miniature hedge, 4 to 6 inch, \$6.00 per 50, \$10.00 per 100.

Gold Tip Boxwood. This variety is prettily flecked with golden hue on tips of fairly large leathery leaves. Is particularly effective in part shade. 8 to 12 inch, 75c; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00; 18 to 20 inch, \$2.25; 20 to 24 inch, \$2.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.75; 30 to 36 inch, \$3.00.

CEANOTHUS

***C. prostratus.** (R.) "Indian Carpet." Entirely prostrate and evergreen. Small glossy, leathery leaves completely cover the ground. Stands tramping, drought and severe cold. Flowers violet blue. Will run over rocks and hangs gracefully from walls. Rooted divisions, \$7.50 per 100. Gallon cans, 50c.

CYTISUS

A fast growing group of shrubs which brighten up landscape with their brilliant masses of yellow pea-shaped flowers; valuable as a contrast to solid green shrubbery; unusually hardy and drought resistant. All require full sun.

C. scoparius. "Scotch Broom." (S.) 6 ft. A very fast growing, erect, bushy shrub with minute leaves and large, yellow, pea-shaped flowers, borne in great profusion in the spring. Hardy. B.B., 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; \$4.00 per 10; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; \$3.50 per 10. 8 to 12 inch, for hedges, \$5.00 per 100.

C. hybridus. "Lord Lambourne." 4 ft. 10°. An exceedingly graceful bush, with brilliant red and buff flowers borne in great profusion. Bushy plants. B.B., 18 to 24 in., 85c.

C. hybridus. **San Francisco.** 5 ft. 10°. Semi-spreading, and its rich velvety red flowers, almost uniform in color, are the deepest and reddest of all the Brooms. 12 to 18 inch, 75c.

G. monspessulanus. (S.) 4 ft. New. Hardy kind with clouds of small bright yellow flowers in spring. Foliage small. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 18 to 24 in., 35c.

DAPHNE

Daphne odora variegata. A real shrub aristocrat, with deep green glossy leaves margined with cream, bearing exquisite sweet pink flowers in late winter and spring. Best in part shade. B.B., bushy plants. 9 to 12 inch, \$1.35; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.75; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.50. 6 to 8 inch, Potted, 40c.

D. odora. White. Same prices as above.

ERICA. HEATHER HEATH

E. carnea rosea. (R.) Heath. 1 ft. high by 3 ft. wide. Dwarf. Numerous short branches densely covered with minute needle-like leaves, bearing an abundance of bright, rosy flowers in late fall and through the winter, even under snow. Unexcelled rock plant. Very hardy. 8 to 10 inches wide, 85c.

Mediterranea Hybrida. "Darley Heath." Dwarf, compact growth, not over 12 or 15 inches in height. Purplish pink flowers in winter. Very hardy. Balled. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00.

SCOTCH HEATHER

E. vulgaris rubra. (R.) 1 to 2 ft. Red flowers in profusion in the fall. B. & B., 12 in., \$1.00.

EUONYMUS. Evergreen Euonymus

Admirably useful and attractive when used in groups, edgings, hedges, corner plantings and in rockeries.

E. japonica, albo marginata. "Silvermargined." (S.) 5 ft. Leaves have a very narrow margin of silvery white. Growth slow and compact. Entirely distinct. B.B., bushy plants. 50c to \$1.00.

E. japonica. In Gold Spot and Golden varieties, 35c and 50c.

E. japonica fertilis. 8 ft. Glossy green leaves and showy orange colored berries. B.B., 15 to 18 in., \$1.00.

E. Pulchellus. (E. Microphylla) (R.) Very dwarf. Tiny leaves. Makes good edging or single specimen. Quite hardy. Trimmed specimens, 75c to \$1.50. Gal. cans, 50c; 10 for \$4.00.

FATSIA

F. japonica. 4-8 ft. (S.) A massive plant of tropical appearance with very large shining green, deeply lobed leaves, one foot across. Immense truss of white bloom in fall. Best in a shady place. Quite hardy. Growth slow. Potted, 50c to \$1.00.

KALMIA

K. latifolia. "Mountain-Laurel." 7 ft. An elegant evergreen shrub; thick, shiny foliage and clusters of white disc-shape flowers slightly tinged with pink; blooms in June. Plant in partial shade. Acid soil. Bushy plants, 18 to 24 in., \$3.50.

*Means native of California.
(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.
(S) Means Shrub. (T) Means Tree.



BOXWOOD FOR FORMAL EFFECTS

GILLET'S BROAD LEAF EVERGREENS

— See Page 10 Also —

\$10.00 ORDERS FOR ORNAMENTALS PREPAID WITHIN 4th PARCEL POST ZONE

■ Many plants through the catalog are priced PREPAID, when not so marked and ornamental plant order amounts to \$10.00 or more, transportation will be PREPAID to your nearest Freight, Railway Express, or Parcel Post destination. (Route at our discretion.) Fruit and Nut Trees, when ordered with and in excess of \$10.00 worth of ornamentals will go prepaid. All other plants of mailable size may be had by P. P. within 4th Zone, by adding 15c per plant. Any excess payment will be refunded or extra value in plants sent. Unless pruned back, trees 4 to 6 ft. and larger, not mailable.

A GUIDE TO SUCCESSFUL PLANTING

Figures Show Ultimate Heights, in Some Cases Taking Many Years

(Index on Last Page Shows Page for Description)

PLANTS THAT TOLERATE SOME SHADE

Deciduous

Cercis—6 to 20 ft.
Cornus, All—8 to 15 ft.
Filbert—8 to 20 ft.
Hydrangea—4 to 8 ft.
Honeysuckle Bush—8 to 10 ft.
Kerria—6 ft.
Philadelphus—8 to 10 ft.
Plumbago—1 ft.
Privet, All—10 ft.
Snowball—8 to 10 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.

Evergreen

Abelia—4 ft.
Ajuga—3 in.
Arbutus Unedo—10 ft.
Aucuba—4 to 6 ft.
Azalea—3 to 4 ft.
Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
Camellia—10 ft.
Christmas Rose—1 ft.
Cotoneaster microphylla—4 ft.
Daphne—1 to 4 ft.
Euonymus, All—4 to 10 ft.
English Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
Fatsia—2 to 4 ft.
Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
Kalmia—5 to 7 ft.
Kolkwitzia—6 ft.
Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
Laurustinus—4 to 8 ft.
Lily of Valley—1 ft.
Mañonias—2 to 4 ft.
Pachysandra—6 to 12 in.
Podocarpus—20 ft.
Pyracantha Crenulata—4 to 10 ft.
Rhododendron—3 to 8 ft.
Viburnum—4 to 8 ft.
Yew—5 to 20 ft.

FLOWERING TREES

Albizia—30 to 50 ft.
Catalpa
Cercis—8 to 12 ft.
Crab Apple—12 to 18 ft.
Crape Myrtle—15 ft.
Dogwoods—10 to 15 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Horse Chestnut—25 ft.
Jap. Cherries—5 to 12 ft.
Koelreutia—30 ft.
Laburnum—20 ft.
Locust—30 to 50 ft.
Liriodendron—60 ft.
Magnolias—8 to 30 ft.
Purple Leaf Plums—12 ft.
Peach—12 to 15 ft.

Plants That Have Variegated Leaves

Used as accent plants and to give life and color to border and foundation plantings.

Ajuga
Arborvitae, Golden
Arundo Grass
Aucuba
Boxwood
Box Elder—Maple
Chestnut
Daphne
Eleagnus
Euonymus
Holly
Honeysuckle
Hydrangea
Ivy
Juniper

BERRY EFFECTS

Deciduous

Barberry—2 to 6 ft.
Bittersweet—Climbing
Dogwoods—4 to 15 ft.
Euonymus—4 to 10 ft.
Flowering Crab, Eleyi—20 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
High Bush Cranberry
Honeysuckle—8 to 10 ft.
Ilex—6 to 8 ft.
Mt. Ash—25 to 30 ft.
Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.
Virginia Creeper

Evergreen

Arbutus unedo—10 ft.
Arbutus menzies—50 ft.
Berberis—4 to 5 ft.
Cotoneaster, All
Eleagnus—6 ft.
Euonymus, Fertilis
Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
Lonicera, All
Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
Nandina—4 ft.
Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
Privet, Wax—15 ft.
Pyracantha, All
Rhamnus—4 to 6 ft.
Stranuesia—8 ft.

FOR BRILLIANT FALL FOLIAGE

Trees

Sugar Maple
Liquidambar
Pistachia
Oak—Red Pin
Sorbus Aucuparia
Medlar

Shrubs

Berberis, All
Calif. Red Bud—10 ft.
Cotoneasters
Dogwoods
Euonymus Alatus—5 ft.
Mahonia—5 ft.
Myrtle "Crape"—4 to 12 ft.
Nandina—4 ft.
Plumbago, Larpente—1 ft.
Snowball—8 ft.
Spiraea—4 ft.
Sumac—5 ft.

DROUGHT RESISTANT PLANTS

Deciduous

Albizia—30 to 50 ft.
Buddleia—6 to 15 ft.
Box Elder—60 ft.
Chestnut—30 to 50 ft.
Grapes
Hackberry—30 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Locust
Lombardy Poplar
Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
Redbud—6 to 20 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.
Spiraea—4 to 6 ft.

Evergreen

Acacia—30 to 60 ft.
Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
Cistus—4 ft.
Cytisus, All
Cypress, McNab—20 ft.
Cypress—Monterey—30 ft.
Cypress—Italian
Cedar, Incense—75 ft.
Dracena—10 ft.
Junipers—2 to 20 ft.
Laurel, Eng.—15 to 20 ft.
Manzanita—5 to 15 ft.
Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
Oleander—8 ft.
Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
Pyracantha, All—
Pampas Grass—6 ft.
Pines—Most All.
Romneya—6 ft.
Scotch Broom—7 ft.
Viburnum

FOR WET PLACES

Scarlet Maple—50 ft.
Ilex Vertic—6 to 8 ft.
Liquidambar—50 ft.
Willows

TREES FOR QUICK SHADE

Box Elder
Catalpa
Hackberry
Locust
Plane
Poplar
Silver Maple
Willow
Chinese Elm

Purple Leaf Trees and Shrubs

Barberry—3 to 4 ft.
Beech—40 ft.
Birch—20 ft.
Filbert—10 ft.
Maple Schwedler—40 ft.
Maple Japanese—6 to 12 ft.
Prunus Pissardi—15 ft.
Prunus Triloba—8 ft.
Prunus Bliriana—15 ft.
Prunus Vesuvius—15 ft.

LAUREL

Prunus laurocerasus latifolia. "English Laurel." "Cherry Laurel." (S.) 15 ft. Small tree or large bush. Very large, glossy, evergreen foliage, beautiful both summer and winter. For sun or shade. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, gallon cans, 85c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50.

L. nobilis. "Grecian Bay or Laurel." 8 ft. The well-known Bay Tree so often trained as globes and pyramids for outdoor or indoor tub plants. Stiff, dark green leaves. A fine shrub for shade. From this plant Ancient Greeks crowned their heroes with Laurel. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

L. pileata. (R.) (S.) 3 ft. Compact shrub; with many very small leaves; graceful drooping habit. Likes the sun but does well in part shade. Prune often. A "best seller," doing well in any position. Half hardy, potted, gallon cans, 50c; B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

MAGNOLIA

M. grandiflora. lanceolata. 30 ft. (T.) This one is hardy and will stand snow. Large glossy leaves, magnificent white cupped flowers 6 inches across. Heavy field grown, B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.50; 7 to 8 ft., \$7.50; gallon cans, 75c.

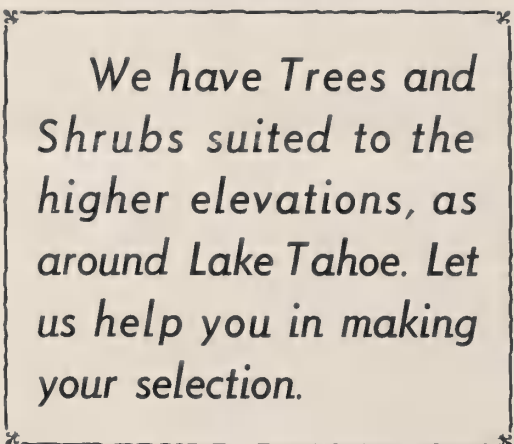
PHOTINIA

***Photinia, arbutifolia.** "Toyon," "Christmas Berry," "California Holly." Well known native shrub, brilliant red berries. Thrives admirably under cultivation. Gallon cans, 75c.

P. serrulata. "Low Photinia." (S.) 8-10 ft. Foliage large, glossy and new growth bronzy red; flowers white with orange berries following. B.B., 24 to 30 in., \$2.00.

RHAMNUS

***R. Crocea ilicifolia.** (S.) 6 ft. Small roundish holly like leaves of deep glossy green. In Fall is a mass of small bright red berries. Ideal for hillsides and canyons, as the foliage retains its bright glossy appearance through the driest summers. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50.



See Page 10 for Broad Leaf EVERGREENS with SHOWY BERRIES

USE THIS GUIDE IN SELECTING LEAFY EVERGREENS



A



B



C



D

RHODODENDRON IN BORDER

RHODODENDRONS

These popular shrubs must have an acid soil, partial shade and no spading around the plant. Mulch with peat or leaf mold. If your soil is not acid, see directions under Azalea. Page 8.

We offer the finest grafted stock and can supply all the best and most popular varieties in Red, Pink and Lavendar with numerous flower buds. Size of plants about 15 to 18 inches wide by 18 to 24 inches tall at \$3.50 to \$4.50.

Hybrid Seedlings. Grown from select seed of red varieties, but may vary in color. B.B., bushy, 12 to 15 inch, with flower buds, \$1.75 each.

VIBURNUM

V. tinus. "Laurustinus." Well known, universally grown, hardy everywhere on this Coast. Splendid winter bloomer, clusters of pinkish white flowers, beginning in December or January, cover the plant all spring, for 5 or 6 months. Gallon cans, 60c; 4-in. pots, 35c.

V. Burkwoodii. "Gardenia Scented Viburnum." NEW. Hardy. A really wonderful new shrub, acclaimed everywhere. Nearly evergreen with large glossy green leaves which assume lovely autumn tints. Fast growing with deliciously fragrant white flowers which are pink in bud stage. Potted, 50c and 75c.

PLANTING SEASON

Each year early in the planting season some one asks "Is it too late to plant" an apple tree or maybe it's a shade tree. The answer to such questions is on page two, under heading of . . .

SHIPPING SEASON

(S) Means Shrub.
B. B. Means Earth-ball wrapped in burlap.

Where 10 ornamental trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

Group A

Manzanita
Aucuba
Buddleia
Camellia
Daphne
Fatsia
Gardenia
Laurel
Magnolia
Oleander
Osmanthus
Rhododendron
Kalmia

Group B

Abelia
Azalea altaclare
Azalea Mollis
Azalea occidentalis
Cistus
Euonymus
Genista
Lonicera pileata
Upright Cotoneasters
Rhamnus
Viburnum

Group C

Evergreen Azalea
Erica
Euonymus Pulchellus

Group D

Ceanothus prostratus

ARBUTUS

A. unedo. "Strawberry Tree." (S.) 10 ft. Large shrub, attractive glossy foliage. White flowers in winter months and with them the large red strawberry-like fruit of previous season. Showy and handsome. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 12 to 15 inch., gallon cans, 60c.

BERBERIS. Barberry

They add a great deal of charm to our gardens by their fall coloring and numerous berries of all shades and tints of blue and red, as well as their bright yellow or orange flowers in spring. Will grow under all conditions except dense shade and wet situations.

B. sargentiana. 6 ft. A very handsome Evergreen Barberry with prickly oblong leaves, glossy and deep green. Graceful in form. Flowers yellow, berries blue. Very hardy. 12 to 18 inch, 75c.

B. Thunbergi. "Japanese Barberry." With small green leaves that turn glorious orange, yellow and red in Fall. Berries bright red, pendant from branches, staying well into the winter. Easily pruned to globe shape. Fine for low hedges. Deciduous 12 to 18 inch, 25c; 18 to 24 inch, 35c.

B. Thunbergi, atropurpurea. (Red Leaf Barberry) 4 ft. When planted in full sun, a rich purple all summer, and in fall fiery red and orange coloring. Pendant purple berries. Deciduous. A beauty at all times, 15 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

A NEW BARBERRY

Berberis verruculosa. "Chinese Dwarf Barberry." 3 ft. Zero. Finest new low growing variety which makes a low mound of dark green foliage, grey beneath. Evergreen in all climates and in cooler climates the foliage turns a gorgeous red. Likes full sun. Golden flowers in spring. Gal. containers, 60c; B.B., 12 to 15 inch, 85c.

COTONEASTER

Handsome shrubs, leaves of varying shades of green, some turning to bright fall colors; flowers minute, usually white or pinkish; berries of many hues and colors varying from orange to bright scarlet. Unexcelled for grouping, corner effects and for edging large plantings of shrubbery borders and for rock gardens. Usually have in stock larger and smaller sizes than listed, of all varieties.

PROSTRATE COTONEASTERS

For Rock Gardens, Etc.

Size is determined by spread and not by height.

C. gracilis. (R.) 3 ft. One of the choicest new creeping cotoneasters, very prostrate, rather slow growing, foliage glossy evergreen, smaller than Boxwood, berries are bright rose red in great profusion. Potted, 40c, 50c and 75c.

C. horizontalis. (R.) 3 ft. Deciduous. One of the best trailing shrubs. Branches grow almost on the ground. Leaves shiny, small and turn red before falling. Flowers pinkish white. Berries bright red in great profusion. Hardy. Potted, 35c; gallon cans, 60c.

C. microphylla. (R.) 3 ft. Spreading habit, but semi-erect. Dark green foliage, evergreen. Berries rose-red. Quite hardy. Does well in part shade. B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00.

C. microphylla thymifolia. 2 ft. (R.) Very small leaves. Very dwarf. Excellent rock plant. Berries small coral-red. 8 to 12 inch, 75c.

UPRIGHT COTONEASTERS

C. Franchetti. 6 ft. Fast growing, upright arching branches, leaves dark green on top; silvery beneath. Older leaves turn red in fall. Many orange-red berries scattered over the branches in the winter. Quite hardy, sheds most of leaves in cold climate. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 60c.

C. pannosa. "Silverleaf Cotoneaster." 8 ft. Leaves soft gray green, under sides silvery color. White flowers. Masses of dull silvery red berries, which remain all fall and winter. Fast growing and of graceful loose habit. Gal. cans, 50c. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 60c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.25.

C. parneyi. 8 ft. (C. lactea.) The finest foliage and the showiest berries. Foliage much larger than other Cotoneasters, with big clusters of immense brilliant red berries in the fall and winter. Full sun. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$2.25; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

C. heberphylla. 7 ft. Deciduous. Here is a hardy fine foliaged berried shrub, with attractive dark red berries. Foliage turns red in Fall. B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00. Bare root, 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

CAMELLIA

C. japonica. Not stocked but can furnish from expert grower endless varieties of this fine shrub at prices from \$1.00 to \$15.00, according to size and variety.

ELEAGNUS

E. pungens reflexa. "Silverberry." 6 ft. A fine spreading shrub for part shade with leaves and stems covered with frosty, shiny scales, silvery on upper surface and bronze beneath. Tiny flowers in November, very fragrant. Berries are grey with brown dots. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50.

SHOWY BERRIES ON TREES-SHRUBS

See Also List on Pages 1 - 9



WHITE SNOWBERRY

An old-fashioned gem of the garden.
(Priced last column)



Berries of Pyracantha Lalandi

ILEX. Holly

Holly prefers a moist, partially shaded location, but will do well in sun; fairly heavy soil. All holly species are dioecious; that is, male and female flowers are borne in separate plants. It is necessary to have both to insure a crop of berries on female trees.

1. **Aquifolium femina.** "English Holly." 15 ft. Dark green elegant waved, prickly leaves, grafted from trees that berry heavily. One male plant is sent with each grafted female tree, which should be planted in same hole or near the grafted plant. Prices per pair, size given is that of female tree, (male plants will be smaller) 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 1 1/2 to 2 ft., \$1.75.

Following are much heavier bushy female plants, with berries: 2 to 2 1/2 ft., \$3.75; 2 1/2 to 3 ft. \$4.50 and up.

Male plants at 25% less than quoted prices.

Silver Variegated Leaf. Form of English Holly. A beautiful shrub for part shade, with Silver edged prickly leaves. Small plants, 85c to \$1.25. **Golden variegated leaf.** Small grafted plants, 85c; gal. cans, \$1.25.

1. **Cornuta.** "Chinese Holly." 15 ft. Leaves similar to English Holly but rectangular. Red berries. Stands more heat than English. Grafted female plants with berries, \$2.50 to \$3.00; 8 to 12 inch potted, 85c; 1 1/2 to 2 ft., \$1.25.

1. **Cornuta Buford.** Less spiny leaves than above, but an elegant Holly, holding its large dark red berries on erect stems. Potted, 8 to 12 inch, \$1.00.

1. **Crenata.** "Japanese Holly." Shrub-like. Dark green small leaves. Can be sheared to neat specimens. Black berries. Sheared specimens, 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.75; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00.

1. **Latifolia.** NEW. 20 ft. Very much worth while for foliage effect. Glossy green leaves of size and shape of English Laurel, but slightly toothed. Red berries in dense clusters. One of the most beautiful Hollies. Hardy to 5° above zero. Seedling plants, berrying habits undetermined, 12 to 18 inch, 85c.

1. **Opaca.** "American Holly." 20 ft. Native of Eastern states. A desirable ornamental on many situations. Hardier than English Holly. For plants that have berried, size 3 to 4 ft., \$4.00 per pair; 2 to 3 ft., \$3.00, male and female.

1. **Verticillata.** "Winter-berry." A handsome deciduous form of Holly. At its best in moist soil. The sparkling masses of crimson fruits which appear in October represent its greatest charm and carry its value far into winter. 4 to 5 ft., female with male, \$2.50 per pair; 18 to 24 inch, male and female, \$1.75 pair.

EUONYMOUS

E. Alatus. "Winged Euonymus." S. 10 ft. Very interesting shrub with corky wings on branches, with profusion of orange-red fruit, followed by brilliant colored foliage in fall. Deciduous. Hardy. 12 to 15 inch, 35c; 18 to 24 inch, 60c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c.

Euonymous fertilis. See Page 8.

MAHONIA. Holly Grape

***M. aquifolium.** "Oregon Grape." (S.) 6 ft. Dark green leaves, coppery purple during winter. New growth very glossy. Flowers bright yellow. Clusters of blue berries from which a fine jelly is made. Hardy. For sun or shade. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, 75c; 15 to 18 inch, 85c; 18 to 20 inch, \$1.00. Heavier grades, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

***M. ilicifolium compacta.** (S.) A new variety with foliage much like Oregon Grape though somewhat lighter in color; growth dwarf and compact, making it a fine little shrub for foundation planting. Balled, 8 to 12 inch, 60c.

NANDINA

Nandina domestica. "Heavenly Bamboo." 5 ft. (S.) Though not a true Bamboo it is made up of a number of canes densely clothed with compound leaflets, bronzy red when young, dark green at maturity, and with beautiful coppery red tones in winter. Thrives in sun or shade; covered with showy clusters of red berries in winter. B. B., 6 to 8 inch, 25c; 8 to 12 inch, 40c; 12 to 18 inch, 75c.

PYRACANTHA. Firethorn, Crataegus

They are exceedingly valuable for the great wealth of bright colored berries which they furnish in the fall and winter, and which remain on the plant for many months. They naturally grow quite tall, but if pruned back severely once a year will make a low dense bush. Sets its berries best in full sun. All are Evergreen.

Pyracantha atalantoides. New variety, upright in growth, dark lustrous foliage, brilliant orange scarlet berries clustered profusely up and down the branches. A beautiful sight when in berry and in spring as well as when covered with a white halo of bloom. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

P. crenulata. "Chinese Evergreen Hawthorn." (S.) Foliage long, narrow, glossy and dense; berries small, dark crimson and showy. This variety will berry well in part shade. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; gallon cans, 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

P. crenulata yunnanensis. Variety Gruberi. 12 ft. Splendid spreading growth semi-prostrate; but can be trained against wall or to frame low windows; foliage glossy; masses bright red berries, remain until early spring. Excellent for general ornamental planting; birds do not molest the fruit. Potted, 25c, 35c, 50c; gallon cans, 75c.

P. coccinea lalandi. (S.) 15 ft. Of strong growth, making long shoots that can be trained against a wall if desired. Profusion of white flowers. Berries orange yellow in immense clusters. Hardy. Potted, 25c, 35c 50c. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.75

P. formosana. Splendens. 8 ft. Possibly the showiest of all this group of berried plants, recently introduced from Formosa. A solid mass of brilliant red berries in fall and winter which, being on short stems display much better than some of the advertised kinds which have heavy berries which tend to droop. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25.

P. rogersiana aurantiaca. "Rogers Firethorn." Hardy. 6 ft. New variety, with quantities of bright orange berries borne clear to the tip of every willowy branch. The plant is covered with frosty, lacy, white bloom in May, and is worth growing for that reason alone. It also seems to be immune to pear-blight, which occasionally attacks other Pyracanthas. B.B., gallon containers, 60c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c.

SYMPHORICARPOS. Snowberry

Valued for their ornamental fruit, which remains on the plants all winter. Of slender growth, with fine foliage. Does well in part shade. Fine for covering banks. Deciduous.

S. Vulgaris. "Red Snowberry." "Coral Berry." 3 ft. Habit compact. Loaded during fall and winter with dark red berries in dense clusters. 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 18 to 24 inch, 40c.

S. chenaulti. "Improved Coral Berry." 5 ft. A lovely hybrid recently originated in the Arnold Arboretum. The numerous berries, considerably larger than the Coral Berry, are pink. Extremely graceful in habit with nearly evergreen lustrous foliage. Small pink and white flowers in June. Does well in sun or shade. 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

***S. Racemosus** (White Snowberry). 3 ft. Dwarf shrub with small pink blooms. Showy large white berries that hang on the plants the greater part of the winter. 12 to 18 inch, 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

*Means native of California.

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS

ALMOND (Dwarf)

Prunus glandulosa. Pink flowering. 3 ft. The beauty of this shrub in the spring is not soon forgotten. Flowers are double and cover the branches. On own roots which make for more durable plants than when budded on plum, as commonly offered. Light and Medium plants, 25c to 50c.

ALTHEA. Rose of Sharon

10 ft. The brightest and most free blooming shrub in the garden during July, August, September. Large showy flowers, which are developed by heavy pruning during winter.

Single Ruby Red. Single White. Bushy plants, 2½ to 3 ft., 85c. Lighter grade, 75c.

CALYCANTHUS. Sweet Shrub

Calycanthus Floridus. "Sweet Shrub." 8 ft. Foliage dark green, flowers dark red. Fragrant flowers and leaves, free blooming. Has artistic and interesting seed-pods. 12 to 18 inch, 40c; 18 to 24 inch, 60c.

CORYLUS. Filbert

Filbert, purple leaved. 10 ft. Large round leaves, intensely dark, bronzy purple in spring, becoming greenish toward fall. Very distinct even among other purple-leaved shrubs. For sun or shade. Bears fine nuts, Bushy, 1½ to 2 ft., 75c-85c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00-\$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50-\$2.00; 4 to 5 ft., heavy bushed, \$3.75.

Corylus Avellana. 10 ft. The common hazelnut (filbert). A very ornamental shrub with the nuts as an added value. Heavy bushed plants in bearing, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

CREPE MYRTLE

Crepe Myrtle. 15 ft. Should have a place in every garden. Leaves are bright green, turning a bright red in fall; flowers produced in utmost profusion at ends of branches during late Summer and Fall. Plant in full sun. Prune half the new growth each winter to shrub or small tree. **Pink, Lavender, White, Red,** balled, 2 to 3 ft., 75c. **Dwarf Red,** 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

CYDONIA. Flowering Quince.

Cydonia japonica. "Red Flowering Quince." Very showy plant early in spring, covered with bright, semi-double, rosy red flowers, which appear just as the leaves begin to show. Attractive glossy foliage the rest of the summer. Cutting grown, not seedling. Variety **Blood Red,** 12 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

Variety **Corallina.** A lovely coral gem of this family and Variety **Apple Blossom,** white flushed pink, B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50. Variety **Grandiflora Rubia.** Large blood red single flowers, 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

DEUTZIA

Free blooming shrubs. Bell shaped flowers, spring and early summer. Should be more widely planted in California for their gorgeous color effects in the garden and shrubbery. Strong blooming size plants.

D. Pride of Rochester. 8 ft. In May this shrub will be the pride of your garden with double white bell-shaped flowers with reddish outer petals in utmost profusion, 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

D. Gracilis. 3 ft. (R.) One of our daintiest and most graceful flowering shrubs. Branches slender and arching, with profusion of small, beautifully formed flowers, 50c to 75c each.

FORSYTHIA. Golden Bell

Splendid shrubs, 6 to 8 ft., light up the garden with glinting masses of yellow very early in spring before the leaves appear. Make bright-hued fillers for massed shrub groups.

Spectabilis (Showy Goldenbells). A form of intermedia similar in character, but with the largest flowers—often with five or six petals—crowded, and borne in the greatest profusion. 12 to 18 in., 35c.

HYDRANGEA

H. hortensis. 8 ft. Shade loving shrub furnished with large foliage and immense heads of light pink flowers, which turn blue when grown in soils containing iron or acid. Variety **Otaksa,** B.B., 12 to 18 inch, \$1.25; Gallon cans, 60c.

H. Paniculata Grandiflora. 6 ft. Wonderfully attractive with their massive white plumes. First snowy white, then pink, then reddish bronze and green. August till autumn. Hardy 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 8 to 12 inch, 35c.



Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora

GOLDEN CHAIN

Laburnum vulgare. 20 ft. Beautiful small tree or shrub, quick growth. Leaves soft, gray green. Flowers fragrant, bright yellow in long drooping racemes, suggestive of yellow Wisterias. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00.

KERRIA

K. Japonica. "Japanese Rose." Bushy shrub, slender green branches. Single flowers, clear yellow. Potted, 35c, 50c. Double yellow, gal. cans, 60c. Best in part shade.

LONICERA. Bush Honeysuckle.

L. Tartarica Rubra. 10 ft. Has bright pink flowers and showy red berries that last through the fall. Make desirable bulky screening, and the nucleus of tall shrub groups. 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

L. fragrantissima. "Winter Honeysuckle." 8 ft. Handsome foliage, half evergreen, spreading habit; flowers sweet scented, white or slightly blushed, produced very early, sometimes before the leaves appear. Grows well under most adverse conditions. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 40c.

LIGUSTRUM PRIVET

The privet family is not alone useful as a hedge plant, but are desirable specimen shrubs. Their showy bloom is like the Common Lilac, followed by dark blue berries. Use them freely in shrub groups, as formal trimmed specimens and accent plants, beside entrances, etc.

EVERGREEN PRIVETS

These fine evergreen shrubs are not to be confused with ordinary hedge privet.

Ligustrum ciliatum. "Bright Fruited Privet." (S). A dwarf from Japan. Foliage dark green, thick and glossy; flowers white. Excellent for a low hedge. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00; 2 to 2½ ft., \$1.25; 2½ to 3 ft., \$1.50. **Standards,** Clipped round heads on 3 ft. stems, \$2.50 each.

Ligustrum henryi. 3-8 ft. Small, glossy, pointed leaves and one of the finest for a low hedge or for a pruned specimen plant. Gal. containers, 50c; flats of 100 small plants, \$5.50.

L. Lucidum. "Waxleaf Privet." 15 ft. Entirely evergreen, large deep green glossy leaves and fine appearance. Creamy white flowers, followed by large clusters. blue berries. Bushy plants, trimmed, B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00. **Standards,** round heads on straight stems, 3 ft., \$2.00; 4 ft., \$2.50.

Ligustrum nepalense. "Nepal Privet." 3-8 ft. Large, glossy deep green leaves, hardy from sea-coast to desert. Gal. containers, 50c.

DECIDUOUS PRIVETS

Ligustrum ovalifolium. "California Privet." The one most used for hedges, 12 to 18 in., \$3.50 per 100; 18 to 24 in., \$4.50 per 100.

Ligustrum Amorens. "Amur Privet." Hardest hedge of all. Cut-back bushy. 18 to 24 in., \$7.50 per 100; 12 to 18 in., \$6.50 per 100.

L. ovalifolium aurea marginatum. "Golden Privet." Bushy field grown. B.B., 8 to 12 inch, 35c; 12 to 15 inch, 50c; 15 to 18 inch, 60c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.00; gal. cans, 60c.

JAPANESE MAPLE

ACER palmatum. Japanese Maple. 12 to 15 ft. Handsome shrub or small tree, with beautiful green foliage splashed with bright golden and scarlet in the spring, changing to green in the summer and the autumn to brilliant colors. Best in part shade. 12 to 18 in., 25c; 18 to 24 in., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c. B. & B., 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50.

Acer Palmatum atropurpureum. 8 ft. (R.) (S.) "Bloodleaf Japanese Maple." One of the very finest of the Japanese Maples, its rich purple red foliage is a great attraction to every garden. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25; 6 to 10 inch, 50c.

PHILADELPHUS. Mock Orange

P. Grandiflora. 6 ft. Profuse of bloom and as fragrant as orange blossoms. 18 to 24 inch, 35c.

PUNICA. Pomegranate

Mme. Legrelle. Double orange and white flowers. Rapid-growing shrub, scarlet flowers; does not produce fruit. Blooms from June to October. Bare root, 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

Double Red. 50c.

RHUS

R. Typhina laciniata (Cutleaf Sumac). 5 ft. Shiny foliage, delicately cut, fern-like. One of our most striking dwarf shrubs. Brilliant Autumn effect. 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

R. canadensis (aromatica). "Fragrant Sumac". 5 ft. Low spreading shrub with lobed leaves, conspicuous in early Spring for its yellow flowers; fruit red. 12 to 18 in., 35c.

SPIREA-BRIDAL WREATH

Shrubs of free blooming habit varying in appearance, color of flowers and manner of blooming. All have very small flowers in compact clusters of different forms. Do well in any good garden soil. The varieties **Reeves,** **Prunifolia** and **Van Houttei** are all called **Bridal Wreath.**

S. thunbergi. Thunberg Spirea. 4 ft. Feathery, light green foliage; flowers white, very profuse in early May. An exceptionally good shrub to use in small groups or as a group about foundations. Potted, 25c and 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

S. bumalda. "Anthony Waterer" or "Walluffi." Dwarf, erect form, growing three feet high. Flowers bright crimson, in flattened heads at end of branches. Blooms all summer. Very desirable. Potted, 25c to 50c.

S. cantoniensis reevesiana. 6 ft. Medium-sized shrub with long narrow leaves. Flowers pure white, large, borne most profusely in dense heads. Practically evergreen. 4 to 5 ft., 85c. Same but with **Double Flowers** and evergreen foliage, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

***S. Douglassi.** 6 ft. Deep pink. July to frost. Terminal of each branch crowned with flower spike six inches long. Rather coarse shrub, but useful for banks and as fillers in large plantings. 35c to 75c.

S. prunifolia flore pleno. "True Bridal Wreath." Small shrub with long, very slender branches. Flowers very double and pure white, borne along the branches before the leaves appear. This is the genuine "Bridal Wreath." 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 12 to 18 inch, 35c.

S. Arguta. "Snow Garland." 6 ft. Billowy masses of tiny white flowers in early Spring. 3 to 4 ft., heavily bushed, 90c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 1½ to 2 ft., 35c.

S. van houttei. 4 ft. A handsome pendulous bush. Flowers pure white. Fine for grouping and shrubbery borders. Bare root, 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

SYRINGA. Lilac

Purple. The old favorite, always a delight, 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c each; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

Budded Named French varieties. White, purple, pink. 1½ to 2 ft., 85c.

VIBURNUM. Snowball, Etc.

Both the common **Snowball** and the more refined **Japanese** should be in every garden for their showy blooms and rich colored foliage in fall. **Hardy.**

V. carlesi. A small pretty shrub with gray-green leaves. Buds rosy-pink, waxy open blooms are creamy-white in a semi-sphere. Perfume is exquisite, somewhat like that of a gardenia. From small pots, 35c.

V. Opulus. "European Cranberry." Broad, brilliant green foliage; a rich setting for large bunches of crimson berries which persist on bare branches into the winter. The flowers are in dense cymes about 4 inches across; pure white. 1½ to 2 ft., 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

V. Sterilis. "Snowball." The common Snowball making large showy shrub. With high-colored fall foliage. 35c to 75c.

VITEX

V. Macrophylla. 10 ft. Grey-green star-shaped leaves. Rich blue flowers, August and September, from new terminal growth. Very fine shrub when pruned each spring. 12 to 18 in., 40c.

WEIGELA. Diervilla

5 to 10 ft. Trumpet-shaped flowers in profusion that is almost unequalled. Their striking foliage contrasts finely with other shrubs; for borders they are very effective. Prune after flowering in the summer.

W. Abel Carriere. Blooms May and June. Rose-carmine flowers with orange spots; very rich and showy. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

W. Mme. Lemoine. White changing to pink. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

W. rosea. 6 ft. Rose-pink; a wonderful display in May and June; unequalled in the spring flowering plants. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

W. Eva Rathke. 4 ft. Bears rich ruby-red flowers all during the summer and autumn. 12 to 18 in., 40c.

W. Van Houtte. Flowers broad and flat, deep rosy red with orange markings in the throat. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

Where 10 ornamental trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

See Page 1 for PREPAID RATES.

B. & B. means with earth-ball wrapped in burlap.

GILLET'S ROSES—3 for \$1.00 POSTPAID

BUSH ROSES

REDS

Ami Quinard. HT. Buds are very dark, opening to a fragrant flower of velvety maroon with soft black luster. Strong grower and free blooming.

Essence. H.T. Double deep velvety crimson, long buds, full of "Essence of Rose."

E. G. Hill. Immense flowers of lasting, dazzling scarlet, never fading or turning blue, but actually becoming deeper red as it opens. Borne on long stems, and are deliciously fragrant. There are few red roses which will rival E. G. Hill, for it is truly a magnificent rose.

Etoile de Hollande. This magnificent red rose is ranked among the first three of its color by everyone who knows roses, and many will place it first. Perfect buds are medium size, opening beautifully and cleanly into glorious flowers with incomparable fragrance. Bush is strong, free branching, healthy. Actually has no serious fault. You can pay fancy prices for Patented Red Roses and get no finer results.

Grenoble. HT. Fast becoming very popular. A profusion of long-stemmed, glowing scarlet-crimson blossoms, very fine for cut-flowers, sweet perfume, dark green disease-proof foliage.

Pres. Jac Smits. A new brilliant dark red, sure to become popular.

Southport. One of the finest red Roses, being an exceedingly brilliant scarlet. A great quantity of lovely, slender buds on long stems; excellent for cutting and effective under artificial light. Opens quickly into a good sized, loose, perfumed bloom. Strong growing, 50c.

Victoria Harrington. A magnificent bud and flower of a uniform shade of velvety dark red, with a peculiar brick-red undertone. The color does not fade in the hottest sun and remains the same until the petals drop. The petals are beautifully reflexed, stems long and stiff, foliage splendid on tall willow plant, fragrance is pleasant.

BUSH ROSES

PINK SHADES

Dainty Bess. The charm and elusive loveliness of this dainty single Rose have made it the most popular single rose grown. Borne in clusters of three or more, each flower three inches across, delicate pink, with a brownish-red overcast and contrasting center of wine-red stamens. Continuous blooms. Very lasting when cut.

Dame Edith Helen. H. T. Free flowering strawberries and cream pink. Perfectly formed flower. Fine to cut.

Edith Nellie Perkins. Two-toned, orange-buff inside, a coppery-pink outside. Long buds splendidly shaped, excellent stiff stems for cutting, produced in great quantities.

Leni Neuss. A lovely Hydrangea Pink with long buds. A fine new rose, 50c.

Mrs. Henry Bowles. HT. Warm pink blooms, flushed with salmon, in profusion from early spring until fall.

Picture. Rated one of the very finest pink Roses. Plant is vigorous and produces one continuous burst of bloom through the season, every bud is perfectly formed. The pink color has warm undertones of salmon. The flowers a sweet Tea fragrance. 50c each.

Souv. Mme. Chambard. Long slender buds of artistic form, opening to a full double perfect bloom. Coral-pink with a lovely sheen. Chosen as the most beautiful rose in France in 1932.

Susan Louise. A lovely new pink, proven satisfactory in all sections. A seedling from Belle of Portugal, in bush form. A prolific and continuous bloomer. Long slender buds are deeper pink than its parent, the strong bush is almost thornless, 50c.

BUSH ROSES

Multi-Colors

Autumn. Full handsome buds are a superb burnt-orange, the opening flowers heavily suffused with russet-brown and bronzy red all over-laid on a background of rich yellow in a color combination of glorious autumnal foliage. Deliciously fragrant.

Federico Casas. Richly colored buds of reddish orange which open to semi-double flowers of coppery pink with an intense yellow center. Somewhat like Talisman but a stronger grower with many more flowers. More highly colored than Talisman but not quite so double, 50c.

Talisman. A vividly colored rose justifies all of the fine things that have been said about it. The brilliant coloring is a mixture of orange-scarlet and golden yellow in irregular proportions. Very double, exquisitely shaped, borne on long stems, exceedingly sweet scented.

PRICES

BUSH and CLIMBING ROSES

No. 1½—Two-Year-Old Field Grown Postpaid to Fourth Zone

35c Each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.85 (Except as Noted)

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS PLEASE ADD 3% SALES TAX

Prices Above for Bare Roots

PLEASE MAKE A SECOND CHOICE

In Pots and Cans, 50c Each Not Postpaid

BUSH ROSES

WHITE

Caledonia. The purest white among Hybrid Tea Roses. Beautifully shaped, long buds are exquisite and fragrance is delicious.

McGredy's Ivory. HT. Creamy ivory-white, turning to clear white as they open; occasionally has a faint pink flush in the center in cool weather. The buds are as perfect as Roses can be; flowers possess a delicate Damask perfume.

BUSH ROSES

YELLOW AND ORANGE

Conqueror. Large beautifully shaped bud of rich orange-yellow, which as it opens, gradually reveals a brilliant fiery flame color shading to base of petals. A vigorous grower and a beautiful rose.

Golden Emblem. The lovely long buds of golden yellow are beautifully tinted with crimson on the outer petals. Opens to a full golden yellow flower. The glossy green foliage is particularly fine, does not mildew, and the buds are borne on long stiff stems.

Golden Rapture. Produces perfectly formed bright yellow buds, a glowing shining rich yellow without any shadings, does not fade. Has pleasant fragrance. Growth is medium. 50c each.

Mrs. Erskine P. Thom. This is the most valuable yellow rose for the garden. The nicely shaped buds and well shaped open flowers are bright canary-yellow without other shadings, the strong growing, vigorous bush is lavish with the blooms. We know of no other yellow rose that we would prefer to recommend ahead of it.

POLYANTHA ROSES

EVER-BLOOMING BABY ROSES

Cecile Brunner. The miniature flowers of this old favorite, rose pink shaded salmon, fill a niche no other Rose can occupy. A strong grower too, and always in bloom.

Golden Salmon. An everblooming spot of color. Like Gloria Mundi but does not hold color so well in full sun.

Gloria Mundi. The little double flowers, like baby pompon chrysanthemums, have the brightest and most striking color in the Baby Roses—brilliant, luminous, orange-scarlet—borne in great clusters which almost cover the plant. No. 1 grade, 50c.

Miss Edith Cavell. Small semi-double flowers of brilliant scarlet-red, shaded crimson. The color does not fade in hot weather. 18 inches.

TRIED AND TRUE

Hundreds of new roses come out each year, a large majority falling out along the way. Our list comprises outstanding sorts proven satisfactory everywhere.

PATENTED ROSES

Of the many that are advertised we list only the climbing FLASH, but we will obtain these Patented kinds at their advertised price.

LOW HEDGE ROSES

Polyantha type make brilliant everblooming edging. Can furnish small sizes for this purpose @ \$2.50 per 10; \$20.00 per 100.

CLIMBING ROSES

A climbing rose will produce as many flowers as a dozen bush roses. Most varieties will not flower the first year, but practically all sorts will yield a wealth of bloom the second year. They may be trained against walls or fences and many of the vigorous growers will climb quickly into the branches of tall trees.

RED

Clg. Chas. P. Kilham. H.T. A strong grower with large full flowers of coral-red flushed with orange and scarlet.

Climbing Etoile de Hollande. In our opinion, the finest red flowered everblooming climber. A strong grower, it produces some of the finest big red buds and open flowers that we have ever seen on any Rose, and the blooms are larger and on longer stems than the bush Etoile de Hollande and possess the same delicious fragrance.

Flash. (1938) Patent applied for. An All-American Rose selection. Luminous orange-scarlet petals with gold reverse. Climbs vigorously and blooms almost continuously from April to November. The most brilliant climbing rose yet introduced. \$1.00.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. (Improved.) An intense vivid scarlet, semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of 3 to 20 blooms on long much branched canes, the plant being a mass of color from top to bottom. The flowers do not fade and there is nothing to compare with it for striking effect.

Clg. Queen Alexandra. Probably one of the most popular Roses in the bush form. Now we have it in a vigorous climber. Outside of petals old gold, inside bright vermillion.

PINK

Climbing Cecile Brunner. This famous climbing Rose, with its quantities of perfect miniature pink buds and flowers, is a favorite in California. Exceedingly vigorous, with dense handsome foliage. You can cut a bouquet of beautiful buds from it almost any time in the year.

Clg. Belle of Portugal. Extremely large flowers, of delicate soft pink, tinged with salmon. The well-shaped buds are often 3 inches long. Because of its strong growth it blooms very little for a year or two, but thereafter is very floriferous.

Clg. Mme. Edouard Herriot. (Daily Mail) Brilliant coral-red buds opening to flowers of flaming pink and orange. Flowers are slightly larger and more brilliant than those of the bush type and equally floriferous.

Clg. Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. A remarkable climbing rose, for covering the largest spaces, producing an abundance of glorious carmine-pink blooms, coming three to five on a stem, opening one after the other. Buds long-pointed, and form a large, semi-double cup, radiating a delightful fragrance.

YELLOW—GOLDEN

Climbing Golden Emblem. HT. It produces great quantities of the same highly colored buds of golden yellow with brilliant red shadings, which are so much admired on its bush form. Extremely vigorous, rampant grower, with enormous heavy canes 6 to 10 feet long.

Climbing Lady Forteviot. The beautiful glossy foliage and golden yellow buds flushed with apricot which are so much admired in the bush form of this Rose are multiplied in number many times in this climber.

Clg. Marechal Neil. Long a favorite climber, this superb old lemon yellow variety with its large globular, highly perfumed blooms, still remains deservedly popular. Best in shade, 50c each.

Climbing Mrs. Erskine P. Thom. Few will dispute the claim of Mrs. E. P. Thom to be one of the finest yellow bush Roses, and many will place it first. We have it now in a vigorous climber, multiplying many times the number of flawless yellow buds which can be produced on a bush type.

MULTI COLOR

Clg. President Herbert Hoover. Beautifully formed, large blossoms and very fragrant. A charming combination of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, and yellow, with broad, thick petals, retained for days after the flowers have fully opened. The foliage is clean and handsome.

Who loves a garden still his Eden keeps,
Perennial pleasures plants
And wholesome harvest reaps.

—AMOS BRONSON ALCOTT.

GILLET'S SHADE TREES

ASH

Sorbus aucuparia. "European Mountain Ash." 30 ft. Striking tree of erect growth. Flowers white, followed by large orange red berries. Scarlet leaves in autumn. Very handsome at any season. Bare root. Well branched, 10 to 12 ft., \$2.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. Protect this tree from borers. Any of foregoing with Earth-ball, 25c extra.

Sorbus americana. "American Mountain Ash." 20 to 30 ft. Similar to European species except berries are brighter red and somewhat smaller. 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

Fraxinus velutina. "Arizona Ash." 30 ft. One of the finest trees for planting in arid desert sections although it makes a splendid tree near the coast or other sections of the state. It requires little water and thrives in alkaline soil, growing with great rapidity. 4 to 5 ft., 50c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.00; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50.

BIRCH

Betula Papyrifera "Canoe Birch." 30 ft. Has the whitest bark of all birches with loose graceful head when older. Bark curls and peels giving an artistic touch. Bare roots, 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

Betula Alba laciniata "Cutleaf Weeping Birch." 30 ft. With same white bark as European but leaves are deeply cut and branches weep gracefully. An elegant tree on the lawn. Bare roots, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.75; 7 to 8 ft., \$2.00.

Betula alba variety Pyramidal. This tree is budded from a symmetrical pyramidal type, with branches ascending to form a striking tree in the landscape. Bare roots, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

CATALPA

Catalpa Speciosa. "Western Catalpa." 30 ft. Hardy tree desirable where winters are cold, stands hard conditions. Very large leaves. Beautiful large white flowers with dark markings. Bare root, 6 to 7 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

CHESTNUT

See Page 4

Where they do well, no finer shade tree can be planted. We offer selected, well branched trees that should bear nuts soon. 6 to 8 ft., \$2.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.75. For smaller sizes see Page 4.

HORSE CHESTNUT

Aesculus hippocastanum. "Horse Chestnut." 40 ft. Tree of medium growth with round, symmetrical top; has magnificent spikes of white, sweet-scented flowers. Bare roots, 12 to 18 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 8 ft., \$2.00.

ELM

Ulmus Pumila "Chinese or Siberian." Exceedingly rapid growing tree. In dry interior sections, it adapts itself to extremes of heat, cold, drought and alkali. It is the one tree which can be planted almost anywhere and which will be almost certain to succeed. 10 to 12 ft., \$2.00; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., 65c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

Ulmus Parvifolia. "Evergreen Elm." 25 ft. One of the most beautiful elms in cultivation. A small tree with a spreading crown of slender drooping branches and delicate, bright green leaves, which change to bronze and purple in Fall. Grows rapidly. Evergreen except in cold sections. We recommend this highly for medium size shade trees. **Elm beetle does not feed on this species** Bare roots, 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., 75c.

HACKBERRY

Celtis sinensis. "Hackberry." 30 ft. A hardy shade tree for the hot, dry country, with spreading head of light green foliage. Not affected by any insects or fungi; grows in any soil and under all conditions, no matter how difficult. Fruit is pea size, dull red, pendant. 7 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75.

LINDEN

Tilia tomentosa. "Silver Linden." A shapely, upright tree, densely foliaged with large heart-shaped leaves, dark green above, pale green and silver beneath. Stands heat better than other lindens. Flowers yellow and fragrant. Bare root. Specimen trees, branched, heavy grade, 8 to 10 ft., \$4.00; 7 to 8 ft., \$3.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$3.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00; 2 and 3 yr. lighter grade trees, 8 to 9 ft., \$1.75; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

Silver Leaf. Real silver color on under side of leaf of handsome two-toned effect. 2/3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50.

WEEPING TREES

Tea's Weeping Mulberry. A popular lawn specimen. Branches grow straight down. Prune back to top each winter. 6 ft. stems, 1 yr. heads, \$2.25.

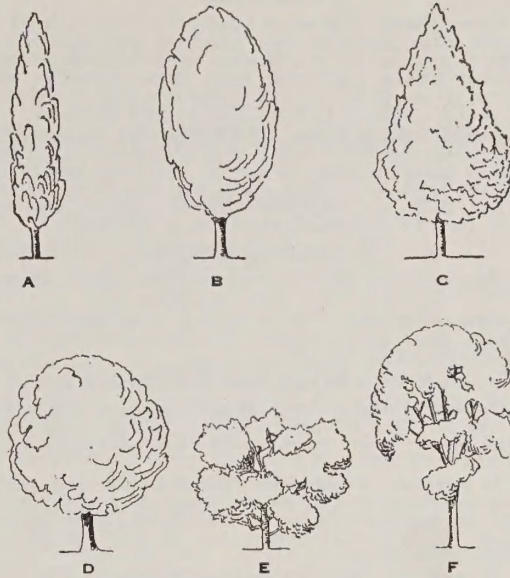
Quaking Aspen. This weeper grows quite wide and fast. Foliage turns orange and red in fall. 6 ft. stems, \$2.50.

See Also

BIRCH (above). PEACH, Page 14.

CHERRY, Page 14. WILLOW (3rd column).

CHOOSE SHADE TREES WITH THIS KEYED GUIDE



To Aid Your Selection We Give Below
List of Shade Trees With Key Letters

ASH, Mountain.....	C
ASH, Arizona.....	C
BEECH, Purple and Green.....	D
BIRCH, White-Canoe.....	B
CATALPA, Western.....	E
CHESTNUT.....	C
ELM, Evergreen.....	C
ELM, Chinese.....	B
GUM, Sweet.....	C
HACKBERRY.....	E
HORSE CHESTNUT.....	C
LINDEN, European.....	F
LOCUST.....	E
MAPLE, Vine-Ginnala.....	E but small
MAPLE, Norway, Schwedleri.....	D
MAPLE, Japanese.....	E but very small
MAPLE, Sugar.....	F
MAPLE, Silver.....	F
MULBERRY, Russian.....	E
OAK, Black.....	F
OAK, Golden Cup.....	D
OAK, Pin.....	C
OAK, Scarlet.....	D
PLANE, California.....	E
PLANE, European.....	D
PLANE, American.....	F
POPLAR, Simon-Lombardy.....	A
POPLAR, Carolina.....	B
POPLAR, Chinese.....	B
POPLAR, Silver.....	D
SWEET GUM.....	C
TULIP.....	B
WILLOW, Weeping.....	F

THE OAKS

For long life, stateliness, wide spreading shade and beautiful fall coloring no tree excels the oak.

***Quercus chrysolepis.** "Golden Cup Oak." 40 ft. The finest evergreen oak for specimen planting. Leaves when young holly-like. Forms round head. Acorns borne in yellow moss-like cups. Balled, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$3.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$4.00.

***Quercus Kelloggii** "California Black Oak." A large growing magnificent specimen tree, 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

Quercus coccinea "Scarlet Oak." This splendid oak turns to red fall colors. 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

Quercus palustris. (Pin Oak). 75 ft. Fastest growing of all the Oaks and easily transplanted; makes a dense, broad pyramidal head, branching horizontally; leaves of the most pleasing shade of green, deeply cut, turning red in Fall; free from troubles and one of the best shade trees for damp or heavy soils. Protect from sun-scald and borers first few years. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50. All are well branched and have been three times transplanted.

LOCUST

R. pseudacacia. "Black Locust." A fast grower with spreading top. Foliage light green, flowers white and very fragrant. Very drought resistant. Bare root, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 85c.

MAPLE (Acer)

A. ginnala. "Amur Maple." 20 ft. shrub-like tree with small leaves which turn to gorgeous fall colors. Hardy Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 60c; 4 to 6 ft., 85c.

A. platanoides. "Norway Maple." 40 ft. Large round form tree, with dark heavy foliage. One of the best shade trees for most any situation, 5 year transplanted 3 times, well branched, 10 to 12 ft., \$3.50; 8 to 9 ft., \$3.00; 7 to 8 ft., \$2.75; 6 to 8 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00; lightly branched, 2 yrs., 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

A. platanoides schwedleri. "Purple-leaf Maple." The most beautiful of the large maples. Buds are brilliant orange; young foliage coppery and mature leaves deeply stained with purple. Bare root, 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

Japanese Blood Leaf. (R). See page 11). Beautiful specimen plant for sun or part shade.

A. Saccharinum. "Silver Maple." Most rapid growing of all maples with large leaves silvery beneath. 10 to 12 ft., \$2.00; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 50c.

A. Saccharum. "Sugar Maple." 60 ft. At first this tree is slow but eventually grows fairly rapid to large handsome specimens. Foliage turns red in fall. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.00.

MULBERRY

Morus Alba. "Russian Mulberry." 30 ft. A round headed tree of quick growth, profuse foliage, well branched. Plant in chicken yards for shade and berries, 8 to 10 ft., \$2.00; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

POPLAR

Simon. "Flagpole Poplar." Very erect columnar growth; fine foliage. Better than Lombardy Poplar in every way. Five year heavy, 10 to 12 ft., \$2.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25.

Carolina. Fast growing spreading type. 8 to 9 ft., 90c; 10 to 12 ft., \$1.50.

Chinese. Splendid quick growing shade tree with large dark green leaves. Good everywhere. This tree "can take it." Branched, 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 7 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., 60c; 4 to 5 ft., 40c.

Lombardy. Well known vertically branched stately tree of Italian Landscapes, 10 to 12 ft., \$1.50.

PLANE. Sycamore

Plane Oriental. "European Sycamore." 60 ft. Valuable park and avenue tree; grows rapidly into a uniform tree. Foliage bright green, leaves deeply cut. Where quick and heavy shade is wanted, plant this one. Heavily rooted transplants, 10 to 12 ft., \$2.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25. 1-yr. Whips, 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

Occidentalis. "American Plane." 80 ft. Very similar to Oriental Plane but less regular in habit of growth and with more deeply lobed leaves turning rich browns in fall. Heavily branched; 3 year, 12 to 14 ft., \$5.00; 10 to 12 ft., \$3.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50.

Platanus racemosus. "California Sycamore." To some this is the handsomest plane tree. Similar in character to others listed. Transplanted. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 8 to 9 ft., \$2.00.

SWEET GUM

Liquidambar. 120 ft. Forms large tree, but of slow growth. Leaves star shaped, similar to Maple. The autumn coloring is most gorgeous, surpassing that of any other tree. B. & B., 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.75.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron. 100 ft. Leaves large, rich green. Flowers handsome, cup-shaped, resembling a Tulip; greenish yellow, marked with orange inside. A magnificent tree, bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

WILLOW

Wisconsin Weeping Willow. 50 ft. A strong, tall-growing willow with pendulous branches. Particularly adapted for waterside planting. A hardy, healthy variety. 6 to 7 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c.

Golden Weeping Willow. It's golden bark adds to general attractiveness, 2 yr., transplants, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 85c.

Salix annularis. "Ringleaf Weeping Willow." 30 ft. In growth very similar to the ordinary Weeping Willow, but each leaf is curled and twisted into a ring. An oddly beautiful tree which is very attractive beside a pool; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 10 to 12 ft., \$1.50.



PINK FLOWER- ING ACACIA



Hardy
Flowers
All Summer.
Sweet Odor
from
the Flowers
Perfume
the Area
Around the
Tree.

HAWTHORNS

Handsome deciduous flowering tree. Of small size and fine habit. The double flowering varieties are a glorious sight in May. If the flowers were inconspicuous, the bright red berries in profusion would warrant planting this tree. Do well in rather dry place.

Crataegus carteri. "Carrier's Thorn." Small, pyramidal tree with single white flowers of great beauty with large, waxy berries of brilliant scarlet, the size of cherries which stay well into the winter. Always attracts attention. Bare root, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50.

Paul's Double Scarlet. 15 ft. Flowers deep crimson-scarlet; very double, followed by bright red berries. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50. With earth-ball, 25c extra.

Crataegus oxyacantha. "Single White Thorn." A cloud of fragrant white bloom in spring; myriads of bright red berries in fall. Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c; 4 to 5 ft., 50c; 5 to 6 ft., 60c; 6 to 7 ft., 75c.

SHOWY FLOWERING TREES

ALBIZZIA. Persian Silk Tree

A. Julibrissin. "Pink Acacia." 30 ft. Handsome shade and avenue tree highly adapted to California conditions. Fine feathery foliage, pink fragrant flowers in great profusion from July to October. Stands winter as far north as Portland, Oregon. Gal. cans, 50c; 5 to 6 ft., bare roots, \$1.00.

DOGWOODS

Cornus Mas. "Cornelian Cherry." 15 ft. A handsome, large, dense growing shrub or tree, with foliage of graceful shape and pleasing dark green color. Bright yellow flowers borne in great profusion in early spring give way to red cherries size of olives. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50.

Cornus Florida Rubra. "Pink Flowering Dogwood." Deep pink flowers, 2 to 3 inches wide, cover the tree before foliage appears in spring. The most beautiful of the Dogwoods. Bare roots, well branched, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; gal. cans., 18 to 24 in., lighter plants, but safer to transplant, \$1.85.

FLOWERING APRICOT

Bonita. Quite hardy, neat small tree. Double deep red; early; bare roots. 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

Chas. Abraham. Hardy medium size tree. Very double deep pink, shading to red in great masses. Bare root. 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

PURPLE-LEAVED FLOWERING PLUM

Prunus bliricaria. Semi-double flowers of soft pink borne on long slender branches. Foliage plum-like and heavily tinged with bronze. Bare root, branched, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00.

P. pissardi. "Purple Leaf Plum." Leaves deep purple in spring, holding purple longer than any other purple leaf tree. Flowers numerous, white-tinted pink. Fruit reddish-purple; can be used for jams. Bare roots. 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

Prunus Vesuvius. "Burbanks Purple Leaf." An excellent flowering plum with rich deep reddish-purple foliage, splendid for a contrast with other shades of green, and beautiful when covered with its small pale pink blooms in spring. Bare roots, branched. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00

Crepe Myrtle. See Page 11.

REDBUD OR JUDAS TREE

Cercis canadensis. "American Redbud." Small tree, every twig of which is covered with little pink, pea-shaped blossoms in early spring. 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

Cercis Siliquastrum. Large shrub or small tree with purplish rose flowers. 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

FLOWERING PEACH

First Class Heavy Grade Trees

Double Red. Late flowering. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

Double White. Large flowers, exquisitely lovely. 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

Double Pink. Late flowering. 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

Burbank. Late, very large double pink, edible fruit. 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

Camellia flora. A late double red, 4 to 5 ft., 85c.

Weeping. Semi-double red. Very interesting. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

FLOWERING CRAB APPLES

Malus atrosanguinea. "Carmine Crab." Small tree with slender, semi-drooping branches. Single flowers of bright carmine opening from brilliant red buds. Bare root, 2 year branched, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

Malus purpurea Eleyi. Brilliant purplish red foliage in large, vinous-red flowers in great profusion; the dark red fruits spectacular. 2 yr. branched, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

P. ionensis plena. "Bechtel's Crab." Double pink flowers like small clustered roses; fragrant; late blooming. Bare root, 3 to 3½ ft., branched, \$1.00.

FLOWERING CHERRIES

Kwansan. 20 ft. Of upright growth, medium size tree. Flowers double pink, rated as the finest double pink. Bare root, 2 yr., 4 to 5 ft., branched, \$1.25.

Weeping. Double Pink. Grafted 6 ft. stems, 2 yr. heads, \$2.75, plus 25c for packing if to be shipped.

Weeping. Single Pink. Much smaller ultimate size than foregoing as its branches weep straight down. Clothed with lovely shell-pink flowers. 2 yr. 6 ft. stems, \$2.75, plus 25c packing if to be shipped.

VINES AND TRAILERS

DECIDUOUS VINES

Aristolochia siphon. (Dutchmans-pipe). The true, large-leaved variety. Splendid, clean vine for shading the veranda; leaves very large, eight or ten inches in diameter, foliage dense; flowers pipe-shape, of a brownish color. Potted, 35c to 50c.

Bittersweet. "Oriental Bittersweet." 20 ft. High climbing. Rapid grower. The bright orange seed pods, disclosing their scarlet seeds, are most interesting; they will retain their color on cut and dried branches. Hardy. 3 year plants, 75c. Older plants that have berried, 85c.

Polygonum auberti. "Silver Lace Vine." Twining habit averaging 25 feet in a season. The small foliage is fresh and shiny, with an extravagance of large, white, foamy flower sprays, from late summer into the fall. Hardy. Potted, 50c to 75c each.

Trumpet Vine. 30 ft. A robust hardy vine twining tightly with roots along stems. Orange-scarlet flowers cluster at tip of branches. Climbs to great heights on trunks of trees. For every purpose one of the best hardy vines. Strong 3 year, 35c, 50c, 75c.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

L. haliana. "Halls Japanese." 15 ft. Evergreen foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow. Blooms July to late fall. Excellent vine for porch, arbor or ground cover. Hardy. Strong plants, 25c to 75c. To cover banks, use rooted runners, at \$5.00 per 100.

Lonicera heckrottii. 3 ft. A new hybrid bush or low climbing Honeysuckle. It starts to produce quantities of its delightfully fragrant flowers in May and in September is still going strong. Flowers are large, orange-yellow, flushed with purplish-crimson. Perfectly hardy. Preters the sun. For covering a stump, low wall or as a bush, we recommend it as most colorful and fragrant. Balled, 50c; gal. cans, 60c.

Lonicera belgica. (Woodbine). The old-fashioned, fragrant honeysuckle. Deciduous. Very showy in spring with flowers in large clusters of mingled rose, pink and yellow. Potted, 35c, 50c.



CLEMATIS

C. jackmanni. 10 ft. Large, rich, velvety purple flowers in great profusion through summer and early fall. Gal. cans, \$1.00.

C. Mme. Edouard Andre. 8 ft. Large, bright red flowers. Profuse bloomer, moderate grower. Gallon cans, \$1.00.

C. Baron Veillard. 12 ft. Large lilac-rose flowers, Gallon cans, \$1.00.

C. Ramona. Lovely light blue. Gal. cans, \$1.00.

All the above varieties in smaller size. Potted, 75c each.

WISTERIA

40 ft. Handsome for use on pergolas, porches and trellises. Attractive foliage, magnificent drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers. Our grafted plants are taken from flowering plants and are far superior to cheap seedlings.

W. violacea flore plena. Exceedingly beautiful double variety with fragrant violet flowers in long racemes. Grafted. 2 year, \$1.25.

W. multijuga. "Japanese Wisteria." Has long racemes of lovely flowers. Grafted, 2 year, \$1.25. White, Pink, Purple.

JASMINE

J. nudiflorum. "Winter Jasmine." Deciduous vine; foliage small; flowers large, yellow, not in clusters. Handsome in early spring as blossoms appear in great numbers before foliage is out. Gal. cans, 60c. 2 year, bare roots, 85c.

J. Stephanense. A hardy hybrid, pink flowered, sweet scented sort. Potted, 35c to 75c each.

J. primulinum. "Primrose Jasmine." Early blooming, yellow-flowered Jasmine with pendulous green branches which may be trained along a fence, over a pergola, or as a big shrub. Flowers almost two inches across, slightly fragrant. Zero. Potted, 60c-75c.

IVIES

Boston Ivy. 50 ft. Unexcelled climber. Foliage dense and glossy. Furnished with small discs, which adhere to brick, stone or wood, foliage turns red in fall. Potted, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c each.

Virginia Creeper. 30 ft. Foliage large, turning scarlet in autumn. Flowers borne on red stalks. Strong plants, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c each.

Ampelopsis henryana. Handsome big five-fingered leaves, olive green marked with silver, most beautiful in partial shade. Brilliant hues in fall, leafless in winter. Fairly hardy. Potted, 50c, 75c.

EVERGREEN VINES

These evergreen trailers unexcelled in hanging baskets, window boxes, rock-work, ground cover.

CREeping EUONYMUS

E. radicans. "Wintercreeper." Dense growing trailing vine; can be trimmed to form a low border or hedge; clings to stone or wood. Leaves are dark green with white veins; does best in partial shade. 25c to \$1.00. Rooted runners, 100, \$10.00.

E. radicans. Variegata. Variety "Little Gem." (R.) A rare variety of above. Foliage edged with creamy white, pinkish tinge in winter, 3 inch pots, 25c; 4 inch pots, 40c; 5 inch pots, 50c.

E. radicans vegetus. "Bigleaf Wintercreeper." Trailing evergreen shrub or vine with thick, fleshy stems and leaves and an abundance of red fruit with yellow pods. Hugs close to rocks or wood. 25, 35c, 50c.

HEDERA. Ivy

H. Helix. "English Ivy." 20 to 50 ft. Very dark green, leathery leaves. Old vines have greenish flowers and black berries in clusters. Strong plants, 4-inch pots, 25c each, \$2.00 per 10; 5-inch pots, 35c each, \$3.00 per 10. Larger 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Rooted runners, \$8.00 per 100; \$1.25 per dozen.

H. helix caenwoodiana. A most interesting and beautiful form of English Ivy with small, deeply cut, deep green leaves with contrasting whitish-green veins. Particularly fine for shade. Zero. 25c to 50c.

H. helix conglomerata. Very interesting for pot culture. One-inch leaves crowded on the stem. Trails slowly. Potted 25c.

H. Helix dentata aurea. Very large leaf with wide border of gold. Rare and extremely beautiful. Potted. 25c to 75c.

H. Helix. "Emerald Gem." A strong growing variety with small leaves, veined white. 25c to 75c.

H. Helix hibernica. "Irish Ivy." Similar to the English Ivy except that the foliage is smaller. Quart containers, 25c to 75c.

H. Helix marmorata. A variegated small-leaved form of the English Ivy, with the leaves beautifully mottled in shades of cream and deep green. Quite hardy, potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Helix tri-color. Small leaf variety with green and white variegated foliage, the edges of which turn red in fall. Potted, 35c.

H. Maderensis. "Variegated Algerian Ivy." Fine large leaf ivy with light green center and broad margin of creamy white. Edges turn pink in fall and winter. Splendid on tree trunks or indoors. Potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Cordata. This is an elegant Evergreen Ivy with leathery black-green, heart-shaped leaves. Potted, 25c to 75c.



PERENNIALS SPRING BULBS ROOTS-FERNS GRASSES

ABOVE ITEMS ARE POSTPAID TO 4TH ZONE

PERENNIAL PHLOX

This old time favorite in new and better colorings and form is regaining its rightful place as a summer long bloomer.

8 fine named varieties, 20c Each; \$2.00 Doz., Postpaid.

CHRISTMAS ROSE

Helleborus niger altifolius. A hardy Evergreen perennial that blooms from late November to February. Four-inch white flowers on long stems. True divisions, 50c each.

H. orientalis hybrids, of large foliage and flowers. Comes in various shades of pink, maroon and dotted and striped. Seed grown, 2-yr. plants. Color not determined until 3rd year. 50c-75c each.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

(R) Ribbon Grass. Striped green and white. 15c.
(R) Carex grass. Flat growing. Striped white. 20c.
Pampas Grass. White plume. Clumps. 35c to \$1.00.
Arundo. Bamboo-like. 50c to \$1.00.
Divisions, 35c to \$1.00.
Bamboo. Var. Nevini. Evergreen. Fine foliage. Hardy. Grow to about 6 ft., 25c to \$2.00.
Orphiopogon. Japanese Grass. 6 in. high, with jewel-like blue berry, 25c.

Outdoor Ferns

*Woodwardia. Giant Fern. 25c. \$2.50 doz.—also at 35c and 50c each.
*(R) Maiden Hair and Five Finger. Hardy. 15c, 25c.
*Sword Fern. 25c to 75c.
*Lady Fern. 15c. 25c.
Wood Rustic. 35c to 75c.
Lace Fern. 35c - 50c - 75c.

Perennials

Postpaid to 4th Zone, Except as Noted.

Aquilegia. Columbine. Long Spurred Hybrids. Strong 2 year mixed. 25c. Blue shades, 25c.
Aster. Fall. Michaelmas Daisy. Purple, Blue, Gray, Pink, Red. Divisions. 25c.
Cannas. Red, Pink, Yellow. \$2.00 dozen. 20c each.

Dicentra spectabilis. "Bleeding-Heart." The true old-fashioned kind, once found in every garden. Try it in your wild garden, in partial shade, or under trees. We offer finest roots with 3 to 5 strong eyes, 50c each.

Doronicum Clusii. Low-growing with 3 inch wide Sulphur yellow daisies on long stems. 35c each.
Euphorbia polychroma. Neat plant, showy yellow flowers. 35c.
(R) *Felicia Petiolata*. Pink. Trails. For sun. 15c.
Funkia Subcordata. White plantain lily, 25c to 50c.
Geum. Red 2 yr. 15c; \$1.50 doz.
Heuchera. Coral Bells. Pink. 2 yrs. 15c; \$1.50 doz.
Hemerocallis. Day lily. Bronzy Red. Div. 15c, 25c.
Hellenium. 6 ft. Sneezewort. Yellow. Burnt Orange. Divisions. 25c.
Iris. Bearded. 30 named kinds. \$1.25 doz.
Iris. Japanese. 110 Choice named varieties. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00.
Lily of Valley. 85c for 12 eyes; \$5.00 for 100.
(R) *Sedums in assortment*. 15c. \$1.00 doz.
Trillium (Wake Robin). White. Purple. 15c each.
Tritoma. Red Hot Poker, 25c, 35c.
Tritoma. New Hybrids. 25c, 35c.
Yucca Filamentosa. 25c to 75c.
Yucca Filamentosa, variegated. Yellow stripes, 35c.
(R) Means suitable for Rock Plant.

We have many other perennials too numerous to list. 15c to 25c

GROUND COVERS

Ajuga Reptans. (R.) Forms close carpet of bronzed purple leaves. Blue flowers. 4 inches high. Best in part shade. Runner plants, 50c dozen; \$3.50 per 100.
Irish Moss (R.) Rice green and compact. Use between stepping stones, etc. \$1.50 per flat, collect. Divisions 15c each prepaid.
(R) *Myosotis*. For-get-me-not. 3 for 15c.
(R) *Nepeta Glechoma*. Mint, blue flowers. 35c doz.
Pachysandra. Ground cover for shade. Div. \$1.50 doz.
(R) *Plumbago*. Lady Lapente. 6 in. high. Blue flowers. Leaves take on autumn colors. 25c.
Vinca. Periwinkle. Blue flowers. 15c. \$1.50 doz.
Vinca Periwinkle. Variegated. Cream leaves. Blue flowers. Fine in window boxes. 15c. 25c. 35c.

BULBS

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

Plant January to May. We can supply Giant Double-flowered. Similar in form to a beautiful double rose, in Orange, Pink, Scarlet, Crimson. Strong Selected Bulbs, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$2.75 for 25 (plus 3% tax), postpaid.

GLADIOLUS BULBS

Superfine Mixture. 20 varieties. Large flowering size bulbs, 35c dozen; \$2.75 per 100.

DAHLIAS

Fine collections from large grower. 12 for \$2.00; 6 for \$1.25. State whether cactus, decorative or pom-pom type are wanted. Postpaid.

PEONY

Fine 3 to 5-eye roots in Pink, Red, White, 35c.

TWO ELEGANT TREES

FOUNTAIN CHESTNUT

This rare frilly leaved CHESTNUT was originated by us and is a picture of grace and elegance, the new leaves (often a foot long) droop to give the appearance of water falling in fine spray from a fountain, hence its name. Strangely the narrow and contorted leaves widen out toward end of season, but the newer ones on tips of twigs keep coming in the typical form. An annual pruning to induce young and vigorous growth bring out its full beauty. It bears no nuts. NICELY BRANCHED, TOP GRAFTED ON 3 ft. stems, \$2.00 each. Lighter grades, \$1.50 and \$1.00.



LEAVES OF FOUNTAIN CHESTNUT

No two of which are alike. Those shown above were taken from same tree.



Silver Leaf Chestnut

Variegated leaves occur in many plants but they are exceedingly rare in nut bearing trees. This beautiful tree with large (8x2 inches) bright green leaves edged and mottled with silver compels attention and evokes admiration from every beholder. Why plant the common trees for shade when you can obtain such rare beauty as this tree affords? No burrs are borne on this tree to litter your lawn, hence no nuts.

The above engraving being much reduced fails to show the full beauty of this rare tree. BRANCHED, TOP GRAFTED on 2½ to 3 ft. stems, \$2.00 each. Lighter grade, \$1.50.

- INDEX -

Ornamental Department

Abelia	8	Crepe Myrtle.....	11	Gladiolus	15
Ajuga	15	Creeping Plants	14-15	Gold Dust Laurel.....	8
Albizzia	14	Cryptomeria	6	Golden Bell	11
Almond, Flowering.....	11	Cultural Hints	2	Golden Chain.....	11
Althea	11	Cydonia (Quince)	11	Grasses	15
Ash	13	Cypress	6	Ground Covers	14-15
Arbor Vitae—Thuya.....	7	Dahlia	15	Hackberry	13
Aucuba	8	Daphne	8	Hawthorn	14
Arbutus	10	Deutzia	11	Hazelnut	5-11
Azalea	8	Dogwood—Cornus	14	Heather	8
BERRIED SHRUBS.....	10	Diervilla	11	Hedge Plants	2-11
Barberry	2-10	Dutchmans Pipe Vine	14	Hemlock, Tsuga	7
Bay Tree	9	Eleagnus	10	High Bush Cranberry..	11
Birch	13	English Holly	10	Holly—Ilex	10
Bleeding Heart.....	15	English Ivy	14	Honeysuckle	9-11-14
Broom—Cytisus	8	Elm—Ulmus	13	Horse Chestnut	13
Bulbs	15	Erica	8	House Plants	15
Burning Bush	10	Euonymus	8-10-14	Hydrangea	11
Bitter Sweet	14	EVERGREENS 6-7-8-9-10		Incense Cedar	6
Boston Ivy	14	Fatsia	8	Indian Carpet	8
Boxwood	2-8	Ferns	15	Iris	15
Bridal Wreath.....	11	Filberts—Corylus	5-1	Ivy—Hedera	14
Camellia	10	Firethorn	10	Japanese Maple.....	11
Canna	15	FLOWERING SHRUBS	8-9-10-11	Jasmine	14
Catalpa	13	FLOWERING TREES	14	Judas Tree—Cersis.....	14
Ceanothus	8	Flowering Almond	11	Juniperus—Juniper	6
Cedar—Cedrus	6	Flowering Apricot	14	Kalmia	8
Chamaecyparis	6	Flowering Cherry.....	14	Kerria	11
Chestnut	4-13-15	Flowering Crab.....	14	Laburnum	11
Christmas Trees	6-7	Flowering Plum	14	Laurus—Laurel	9
Climbing Plants	14	Flowering Quince.....	11	Laurustinus Virburnum	9
Clematis	14	Flowering Peach	14	Lawn Seed	15
Coral Berry	10	Forsythia—Golden Bell..	11	Libocedrus	6
Cornus	14	FRUIT TREES.....	3	Ligustrum—Privet	11
Cotoneaster	10	Geranium	15	Lilac—Syringa	11
Crataegus—Hawthorn	14				

Ornamental Department

Amelanchier	13	Retinospora	7	Sumac	11
Liquidamber	13	Rhamnus	9	Sweet Gum.....	13
Locust—Robinia	13	Rhododendron	9	Sweet Shrub.....	11
Lonicera—Honeysuckle	9-11-14	Rhus	11	Sycamore (Plane).....	13
Magnolia	9	Rock Plants—Note Symbol (R)	15	Syringa	11
Mahonia	10	ROSES	12	Thuyopsis	7
Maple—Acer	11-13	Rose of Sharon—Althea	11	Torreya	7
Manzanita	8	Sciadopitys	7	Toyon	9
Medlar	3	Sequoia	7	Trumpet Vine	14
Mimosa—Albizzia	14	SHADE TREES	13	Tulip Tree	13
Mock Orange	11	Shrubs	8-9-10-11	Viburnum	9-11
Mulberry	3-13	Silk Tree—Albizzia.....	14	VINES—TRAILERS	14
Mountain Ash	13	Silver Lace Vine	14	Virginia Creeper.....	14
Mountain Laurel	8	Silverberry—Eleagnus	10	Vitex	11
Nandina	10	Snowball	11	Weeping Trees	13-14
Nuts to Eat.....	2	Snowberry	10	Willow	13
Oak—Quercus	13	Spiraea	11	Wintercreeper	14
Oriental Plane	13	Spruce—Picea	6-7	Wisteria	14
Oregon Grape	10	Strawberry Tree	10	Weigela	11
Perennials	15			Yew—Taxus	7
Peony	15				
Phlox	15				
Photinia	9				
Philadelphus	11				
Pinus—Pine	6				
Plane	13				
Planting Hints	2				
Podocarpus	6				
Pomegranate	3-11				
Poplar	13				
Privet—Ligustrum	2-11				
Purple Leaf Plum.....	14				
Pyracantha	2-10				
Red Bud	14				
Redwood, Sequoia.....	7				

Nut and Fruit Department

Almond	3	Hickory Nut	3
Asparagus	3	Medlar	3
Butternut	3	Mulberry	3-13
BERRY PLANTS	3-16	Nut Tree Seed.....	2
Black Walnuts	3	Pecan	3
Boysenberry	3	Pomegranate	3-11
Chestnuts	4	Rhubarb	3
Chestnut Seed.....	2	Scions	2
FRUIT TREES	3	Seed	2
Filberts	5-11	Strawberry	3
Grapes	3	Tree Protectors	16
Hazelnut	5-11	Walnuts	3
		Walnut Seed	2

ANOKA WONDER APPLE

Bears at two years. Hardy FINE EATING. Early Summer. Heavy Bearing. Dwarf. Ideal Dooryard TREE. 2 year, 4 to 6 ft., 85c.

CHERRIES ON A BUSH!

Yes sir, no climbing. Early Bearing. Hardy. Prolific. Easy to grow. Eat fresh or in tasty jam. Ornamental, too. 12 to 18 inch, 40c.

STRAWBERRIES ON A BUSH

Rockhill Everbearing

No runners. High quality. Makes low, broad mound. Ornamental. Priced on Page 3.

The Felix Gillet Nursery

C. E. PARSONS, Proprietor
NEVADA CITY, CALIF.

YUCCA PROTECTORS



Save your trees from rabbits, borers, sun scald. Not affected by rain. Wire cannot girdle tree as it simply joins the edges of protector as shown.

Length	Weight per 100	100	1000
30-in. 22 lbs.	\$2.75	\$25.00
24-in. 18 lbs.	2.25	20.00
18-in. 11 lbs.	2.00	15.00
15-in.	1.75	13.50
12-in. 9 lbs.	1.45	12.00
10-in. 8 lbs.	1.30	10.50
Lots of 50 take 1/2 100 rate plus 20%.			

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